26 CFR 601.201: Rulings and determination letters. (Also Part I, sections 832, 846; 1.832–4, 1.8461.)

Rev. Proc. 2004-70

SECTION 1. PURPOSE

This revenue procedure prescribes the salvage discount factors for the 2004 accident year. These factors must be used to compute discounted estimated salvage recoverable under § 832 of the Internal Revenue Code.

SECTION 2. BACKGROUND

Section 832(b)(5)(A) requires that all estimated salvage recoverable (including that which cannot be treated as an asset for state accounting purposes) be taken into account in computing the deduction for losses incurred. Under § 832(b)(5)(A), paid losses are to be reduced by salvage and reinsurance recovered during the taxable year. This amount is adjusted to reflect changes in discounted unpaid losses on nonlife insurance contracts and in unpaid losses on life insurance contracts. An adjustment is then made to reflect any changes in discounted estimated salvage recoverable and in reinsurance recoverable.

Pursuant to § 832(b), the amount of estimated salvage is determined on a discounted basis in accordance with procedures established by the Secretary.

SECTION 3. SCOPE

This revenue procedure applies to any taxpayer that is required to discount estimated salvage recoverable under § 832.

SECTION 4. APPLICATION

.01 The following tables present separately for each line of business the discount factors under § 832 for the 2004 accident year. All the discount factors presented in this section were determined using the applicable interest rate under § 846(c) for 2004, which is 4.82 percent, and by assuming all estimated salvage is recovered in the middle of each calendar year. *See* Rev. Proc. 2003–18, 2003–1 C.B. 439, for background regarding the tables.

.02 These tables must be used by taxpayers irrespective of whether they elected to discount unpaid losses using their own historical experience under § 846.

.03 Section V of Notice 88-100, 1988-2 C.B. 439, provides a composite discount factor to be used in determining the discounted unpaid losses for accident years that are not separately reported on the NAIC Annual Statement. The tables separately provide discount factors for taxpayers who elect to use the composite method. Rev. Proc. 2002-74, 2002-2 C.B. 980, clarifies that for certain insurance companies subject to tax under § 831 the composite method for discounting unpaid losses set forth in Notice 88-100, section V, 1988-2 C.B. 419, is permitted but not required. This revenue procedure further provides alternative methods for computing discounted unpaid losses that are permitted for insurance companies not using the composite method, and sets forth a procedure for insurance companies to obtain automatic consent of the Commissioner to change to one of the methods described in Rev. Proc. 2002-74.

.04 Tables.

Tables of Factors to be Used to Discount Salvage Recoverable With Respect to Losses Incurred in Accident Year 2004

(Interest rate: 4.82 percent)

Accident and Health (Other Than Disability Income or Credit Disability Insurance)

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.6738 percent to discount salvage recoverable with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year as of the end of the 2004 and later taxable years.

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.6738 percent to discount all salvage recoverable in this line of business as of the end of the 2004 taxable year.

Auto Physical Damage

Tax Year	Discount Factors (%)
2004	96.5590
2005	95.4281

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factor to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2006 and later 97.6738 years

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.6738 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2006 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Commercial Auto/Truck Liability/Medical

Tax Year	Discount Factors (%)
2004	90.6645
2005	90.3669
2006	90.1327
2007	90.6408
2008	91.1785
2009	90.5988
2010	91.8814
2011	92.9935
2012	93.2915
2013	95.4594

Commercial Auto/Truck Liability/Medical

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factor to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2014 and later	97.6738
years	

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.6738 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2014 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Composite

Tax Year	Discount Factors (%)
2004	90.5683
2005	89.2161
2006	88.6645
2007	88.0367
2008	86.8142
2009	86.8926
2010	86.6271
2011	86.5809
2012	86.7177
2013	88.6805

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factors to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

0.6998
5.0770
2.7729
4.8883
5.9880
7.6738

Composite

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 91.9391 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2014 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Fidelity/Surety

Discount Factors (%)
93.1746 95.4281

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factor to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2006 and later	97.6738
years	

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.6738 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2006 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Financial	Guaranty/Mortgage
Guaranty	

Tax Year	Discount Factors (%)
2004	94.6749
2005	95.4281

Financial Guaranty/Mortgage Guaranty

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factor to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2006 and later 97.6738 years

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.6738 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2006 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

International (Composite)

Tax Year	Discount Factors (%)
2004	90.5683
2005	89.2161
2006	88.6645
2007	88.0367
2008	86.8142
2009	86.8926
2010	86.6271
2011	86.5809
2012	86.7177
2013	88.6805

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factors to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2014	90.6998
2015	92.7729
2016	94.8883
2017	96.9880
2018 and later	97.6738
years	

International (Composite)

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 91.9391 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2014 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Medical Malpractice — Claims-Made

	Discount
	Factors
Tax Year	(%)

2004	85.5093
2005	80.4030
2006	85.5474
2007	82.9525
2008	84.0312
2009	77.9665
2010	88.7516
2011	91.9419
2012	95.7422
2013	97.6738

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factor to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2014 and later	97.6738
years	

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.6738 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2014 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Medical Malpractice — Occurrence

e e e	Tax Year	Discount Factors (%)
4	2004 2005 2006 2007 2008 2009 2010 2011 2012 2013	81.0996 82.3752 86.3279 87.9623 74.2782 85.2215 90.8308 94.1660 96.0748 97.6738

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factor to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2014 and later	97.6738
years	

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.6738 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2014 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Miscellaneous Casualty

Tax Year	Discount Factors (%)
2004	96.0374
2005	95.4281

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factor to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

Miscellaneous Casualty

2006 and later	97.6738
years	

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.6738 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2006 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Multiple Peril Lines (Homeowners/Farmowners, Commercial Multiple Peril, and Special Liability (Ocean Marine, Aircraft (All Perils), Boiler and Machinery))

Tax Year	Discount Factors (%)
2004	91.6039
2005	89.7492
2006	90.5601
2007	90.2475
2008	89.8022
2009	91.1562
2010	91.2128
2011	91.4205
2012	93.1099
2013	95.2655

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factors to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2014	97.4556
2015 and later	97.6738
years	

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.4560 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2014 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Other (Including Credit)		Other Liability — Claims-Made		Private Passenger Auto	
	Discount			Liability/Medica	l
	Factors	2014	93.6283		Discount
Tax Year	(%)	2015	95.7330		Factors
		2016 and later	97.6738	Tax Year	(%)
2004	96.2479	years			
2005	95.4281	5		2004	93.7245
2005	JJ. 1 201	T 1.		2005	93.5180
			use the composite ce 88–100 should use	2005	93.2272
	o not use the compos-			2007	92.3657
	ice 88–100 should use	94.7277 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2014		2008	92.1360
-	tor to discount salvage	taxable year with respect to losses in-		2009	91.0524
	the end of the tax year	curred in this line of business in 2004		2010	90.9939
	ct to losses incurred in ss in the 2004 accident	and prior years.		2010	91.0582
	ss in the 2004 accident	I J I I		2012	92.3235
year.		Other Liability	Acurronaa	2012	94.4076
		Other Liability		2015	94.4070
2006 and later	97.6738		Discount		
years			Factors	1 1	not use the compos-
		Tax Year	(%)		ce 88–100 should use
Taxnavers that	use the composite			-	ors to discount salvage
method of Notice 88–100 should use		2004	84.4755		the end of the tax year
	97.6738 percent to discount salvage		85.9883		et to losses incurred in as in the 2004 accident
-	f the end of the 2006	2006	87.1531	year.	ss in the 2004 accident
taxable year with	n respect to losses in-	2007	83.6055	year.	
curred in this lin	e of business in 2004	2008	87.3020		
and prior years.		2009	89.9297	2014	96.4598
		2010	90.3252	2015 and later	97.6738
Other Liability -	— Claims-Made	2011	92.5157	years	
	Discount	2012	93.9128		
	Factors	2013	95.9821	Taxpavers that	use the composite
Tax Year	(%)			1 1	e 88–100 should use
	()	T			to discount salvage
			o not use the compos- tice 88–100 should use	recoverable as of	the end of the 2014
2004	90.0420		tor to discount salvage	taxable year with	respect to losses in-
2005	80.0175	-	The end of the tax year		e of business in 2004
2006	65.1028		ect to losses incurred in	and prior years.	
2007	87.1628		ess in the 2004 accident		
2008	83.2875	year.			
2009	82.4626	2			
2010	89.1681				
2011	92.9417	2014 and later	97.6738		
2012	89.5057	years			
2013	91.5434				
		Taxpayers that	use the composite		
ite method of Not	o not use the compos- ice 88–100 should use ors to discount salvage	method of Notic 97.6738 percent recoverable as o	t to discount salvage f the end of the 2014		
recoverable as of the end of the tax year		•	h respect to losses in-		

recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

curred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Products Liability — Claims-Made		
	Discount	
	Factors	
Tax Year	(%)	
2004	85.9966	
2005	86.0537	
2006	87.7977	
2007	7.9001	
2008	79.1822	
2009	85.8894	
2010	90.6864	
2011	95.0912	
2012	25.2668	
2013	95.5221	

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factor to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2014 and later	97.6738
years	

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.6738 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2014 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Products Liability — Occurrence

	Discount
	Factors
Tax Year	(%)
2004	80.0842
2005	82.8436
2006	83.5123
2007	86.2999
2008	83.5735
2009	87.2379
2010	90.4562
2011	91.2267
2012	85.5469
2013	87.4740

Products Liability — Occurrence

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factors to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2014	89.4572
2015	91.4954
2016	93.5825
2017	95.6945
2018 and later	97.6738
years	

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 92.6255 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2014 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Reinsurance A (Nonproportional Assumed Property)

Tax Year	Discount Factors (%)
2004	85.3031
2005	82.2450
2006	86.5640
2007	90.4906
2008	91.1611
2009	92.9938
2010	94.8571
2011	96.1798
2012	96.7980
2013	97.6738

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factor to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2014 and later 97.6738 years

Reinsurance A (Nonproportional Assumed Property)

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.6738 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2014 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Reinsurance B (Nonproportional Assumed Liability)

Tax Year	Discount Factors (%)
2004	84.7610
2005	82.3424
2006	85.7505
2007	83.4780
2008	76.1754
2009	79.9172
2010	79.2255
2011	81.5908
2012	76.2736
2013	84.1702

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factors to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2014	86.3467
2015	88.6896
2016	91.2606
2017	94.1745
2018 and later	97.6738
years	

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 87.7819 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2014 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Reinsurance C (Nonproportional Assumed Financial Lines)

Special Property (Fire, Allied Lines, Inland Marine, Earthquake, Glass, Burglary and Theft)

	Discount	Burglary and Theft)	
Tax Year	Factors (%)		Discount Factors
		Tax Year	(%)
2004	84.4808		
2005	85.2596	2004	93.6220
2006	88.9070	2005	95.4281
2007	86.2016		
2008	89.5553	Taxpayers that	t do not use the compos-
2009	82.3408	1.	Notice 88–100 should use
2010	85.6757		factor to discount salvage
2011	92.8358	U	of the end of the tax year
2012	94.2578		spect to losses incurred in
2013	96.3087	this line of bus	iness in the 2004 accident
		year.	

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factor to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2014 and later	97.6738
years	

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.6738 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2014 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 97.6738 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2006 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

97.6738

2006 and later

years

Discount Factors Tax Year (%)2004 85.3979 2005 86.7440 2006 87.2113 2007 87.1308 2008 86.4289 2009 87.2964 2010 87.0843 2011 87.2655 2012 88.1306 2013 90.1258

Workers' Compensation

Taxpayers that do not use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use the following factors to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the tax year shown with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in the 2004 accident year.

2014	92.1703
2015	94.2492
2016	96.3002
2017 and later	97.6738
years	

Taxpayers that use the composite method of Notice 88–100 should use 93.3819 percent to discount salvage recoverable as of the end of the 2014 taxable year with respect to losses incurred in this line of business in 2004 and prior years.

DRAFTING INFORMATION

The principal author of this revenue procedure is Katherine A. Hossofsky of the Office of the Associate Chief Counsel (Financial Institutions & Products). For further information regarding this revenue procedure, contact Ms. Hossofsky at (202) 622–8435 (not a toll-free call).