Findings From The 2003 Wave Of The *e-file* Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking Study

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Background, Objectives & Methodology



Background

- Since 1998, the IRS has conducted <u>an annual attitudinal tracking study</u> to update its understanding of Taxpayer attitudes and how these attitudes relate to Taxpayer acceptance of *e-file* products/programs.
- The original premise behind this tracking study was that:
 - If the IRS can understand Taxpayers attitudes toward technology specifically...
 - It can better understand attitudes toward e-file --
 - Which is also a technology-based product.

Objectives

The specific objectives of the Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking Study are:

- To use learning about attitudes toward and usage of technology to separate Taxpayers into distinct, addressable <u>Technology Acceptance Segments</u>.
- To determine year-to-year changes in the size and composition of these segments, including how they relate to the <u>Return Type Segments</u> found in the IRS's own data (the Self-Simple, Self-Complex, Paid-Simple, and Paid-Complex segments).
- 3. And -- in a new objective added this year by FCB -- we expand segmentation efforts to include other types of Taxpayer attitudes and behaviors -- specifically: Attitudes Toward e-file; Filing Behavior (when they file returns and why), and other special segments -- Spanish-Language Taxpayers, V-Coders, and e-file Lapsed Users & Quitters.
 - All segmentations developed in this study are being applied to other IRS studies of individual Taxpayers (e.g., the Customer Satisfaction Study and the Advertising Tracking Study) to allow the IRS to link the attitudinal learning here to its other research efforts.
- 4. The ultimate goal of the analysis of each of these segments is to identify opportunities for expansion of *e-file* usage.



Methodology

- This is the 6th wave of the Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking Study. Each wave is conducted...
 - In the <u>late-February-to-early-March</u> period (this year, January 24 through March 2).
 - Each wave is conducted by <u>telephone</u> from RMR's New Jersey research center.
 - It consists of a <u>nationally representative sample</u> of <u>1,000 Taxpayers</u>, with appropriate representation too of each of the IRS's 7 Areas. In addition, in 2003, we augmented the Spanish-Language Taxpayers in the random sample to bring this segment up to a readable level of 200 total.
 - Respondents in the study are drawn from a random digit sample of U.S. households.
 - To qualify, Taxpayers have to be...
 - Ages 18-64
 - Employed
 - And must have filed taxes in the previous tax year (in this case, 2002).

Guide To Statistical Notation & Graphic Highlighting

- In the report of findings from the 2003 wave that follows, statistically significant differences have been highlighted as follows:
 - O Indicates a **significant** difference between waves or between sub-groups at a 95% confidence level.
 - ☐ Indicates a **directional** difference between waves or between sub-groups at a 90% confidence level.
 - ➤ In some tables/charts, to enhance readability, significant trends and differences are indicated by color font, with annotation as follows:
 - > **Bold green** = significantly higher at 95% confidence
 - **Bold blue** = significantly lower at 95% confidence.
 - In addition, notable patterns in data are often highlighted using larger box graphics, arrows, or other reporting graphics.



Roadmap To Findings

- Analysis and key findings have been divided into the following sections -each focusing on the attitudes of Taxpayers of different mindsets, behavior, or demographics:
 - The Technology Acceptance Segmentation
 - The Return Type Segmentation
 - The *e-file* Attitudinal Segmentation
 - The Filing Behavior Segmentation
 - Other Special Segmentations --
 - Spanish-Language Taxpayers (compared to non-Spanish)
 - V-Coders (compared to other types of filers)
 - e-file Experience (where Lapsed Users and Quitters are compared to Current Users)
 - Other Learning From The Study

Detailed Findings



The Technology Acceptance Segmentation



Taxpayer Attitudes Toward & Usage Of Technology

- When this study began in 1998, the intent was to segment Taxpayers based on their attitudes toward and usage of technology, so that the IRS could better understand the relationship between these factors and acceptance of *e-file*.
- Each year, we segment Taxpayers...
 - By asking them <u>which technologies they use</u>.
 - And by having them <u>rate a series of statements</u> describing their feelings toward technology...
 - With half of the statements representing <u>acceptance of technology</u> (the "tech leader" statements).
 - And half representing <u>resistance to</u> or <u>fear of technology</u> ("tech follower" statements).

Taxpayer Attitudes Toward & Usage Of Technology (Cont'd.)

- While these attitudinal and usage measures are incorporated into segmentation, they are also analyzed on a stand-alone basis each year to see trends among all Taxpayers.
- These trends have been consistent from year-to-year, with...
 - A steady increase in Taxpayer acceptance of technology -- with a +7 point average increase in "leader" thinking and a -7 point average decrease in "follower" thinking.
 - Complemented by <u>a more rapid (+21 point) increase in claimed Taxpayer adoption of the technologies measured since 1998</u>.
 - This suggests that people will adopt specific technologies (because of need, perceived need, or other influences) <u>before</u> moving to personal acceptance of technology in general.

Trend 1: A Steady Increase In Acceptance Of Technology

Technological Leader Statements (% Agree)

Technological Follower Statements (% Agree)

BASE:	1998 1017 %	1999 1005 %	2000 1000 %	2001 1000 %	2002 1000 %	2003 1000 %	BASE:	1998 1017 %	1999 1005 %	2000 1000 %	2001 1000 %	2002 1000 %	2003 1000 %
	\Box	,				\Box			,				\Box
Have a good idea of what the WWW is	72	80	83	85	87	87	Kids handle new techn'gy; adults cannot	68	63	63	65	60	62
Think most technology can be trusted	60	63	65	61	65	65	Order by phone, really taking a chance		54	56	57	52	52
Wish all govt. forms could be filed by PC	54	56	57	62	62	63	Never put financial information on PC	62	53	57	54	54	52
Am one of the 1st to try new technology	48	49	52	51	52	49	Can't keep up with all new technology	61	61	56	52	51	54
Need lots of phone technology	45	46	44	48	43	46	Someday computers will control us	40	38	36	35	32	32
Would do all financial dealings by PC	37	41	38	41	40	42	Can't imagine filing taxes except on paper	35	31	31	25	27	28
Easiest way to bank is by PC	32	34	34	41	44	47	Computers scare, so much can go wrong	33	30	29	28	25	25
Rather e-mail than talk on phone	19	23	25	29	29	28	Have no luck programming a VCR	26	26	26	26	25	31
Average Rating Across Statements 46 53						Average Rating Across Statements	49	4				42	

	1990	1999	2000	<u> 2001</u>	2002	<u> 2003</u>
	1017	1005	1000	1000	1000	1000
	%	%	%	%	%	%
	_					
		1				
techn'gy; adults cannot	68	63	63	65	60	62
teemi gy, addres cannot	00	05	03	05	00	02
really taking a chance	65	54	56	57	52	52
really taking a chance	03	34	30	3/	32	32
ial information on PC	62	53	57	54	54	52
th all new technology	61	61	56	52	51	54
ters will control us	40	38	36	35	32	32
ing taxes except on paper	35	31	31	25	27	28
mg anxes except on paper						
e, so much can go wrong	33	30	29	28	25	25
, so much can go wrong	33	30	29	20	25	25
- WCD	26	26	26	26	2-	24
ramming a VCR	26	26	26	26	25	31
		ı				

Green=Long-Term Increases; Blue=Long-Term Decreases

Q1 -- Agree Completely or Agree Somewhat With Each Statement

Trend 2: A More Rapid Increase In Usage Of Technology

Usage Of Technological Applications -- Total (% Use "Regularly" Or "Occasionally")

	BASE:	1998 1017 %	1999 1005 %	2000 1000 %	2001 1000 %	2002 1000 %	2003 1000 %	` <u>98-′03</u>	
	Use of a telephone to order from a catalog	68	70	65	67	67	64	-4	
	Use of a PC for work	63	67	65	69	75	72	+9	
	Use of a PC for entertainment	52	60	58	67	66	68	+16	
-	Use of the Internet to search for information	52	68	72	78	84	87	+35	
	Use of a Debit Card to pay for purchases	48	55	52	59	61	64	+16	
	Use of a telephone for doing personal banking	45	55	50	57	58	55	+10	
-	Use of e-mail for personal correspondence	43	57	63	71	74	79	+36	
-	Use of e-mail for business correspondence	38	45	49	58	61	64	+26	
-	Use of the Internet to order products or services	24	36	42	54	60	65	+41	
-	Use of a PC for doing personal banking	13	17	20	28	32	38	+25	
	Use of Government Websites	NA	NA	NA	43	52	54	NA	
	Use of a Beeper/Pager	NA	NA	NA	34	30	27	NA	
	Use of Broadband, DSL, or Cable Modems	NA	NA	NA	30	35	41	NA	
	Use of a PDA, like a Palm Pilot	NA	NA	NA	12	15	18	NA	

Green=Long-Term Increases In Use Of This Technology

Q3--% Use Each Technology Regularly/Occasionally

Avg. Point Gain In Usage Of '98-'03 Technologies

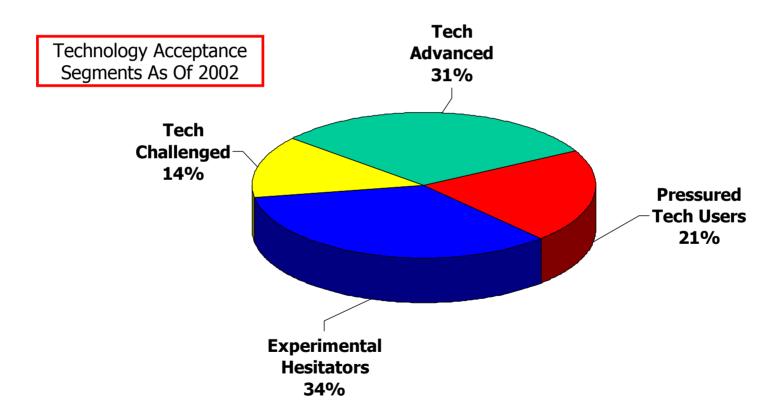
+21

Segmenting Taxpayers Based On Their Technology Acceptance

- Each year, RMR analyzes Taxpayer attitudes toward and usage of technology using a multivariate statistical technique known as "Cluster Analysis" -- which examines the level of commonality in attitudes and/or characteristics and then forms clusters, or "segments", of people who share similar attitudes.
 - These Technology Acceptance Segments are profiled demographically and analyzed for their responses to other non-tech related questions.
 - While no single segment is ever completely homogeneous, it does include people who share attitudes and/or behaviors and thus can be described generally as a "type" of group. Each segment is labeled or given "names" which capture the essence of the segment -- in this case, the essence of the segment's approach to technology.
- After segments have been formed using Cluster Analysis, the model used to classify Taxpayers into segments can be re-applied from year to year using a statistical post-classification technique known as "Discriminant Function Analysis".

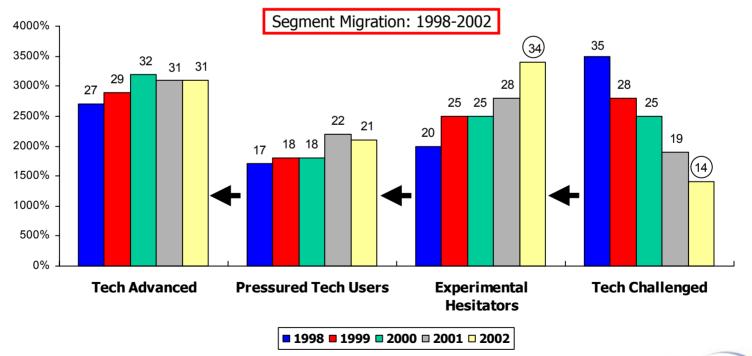
Segmenting Taxpayers By Tech Acceptance (Cont'd.)

• For six years, Taxpayers have been segmented into the following 4 groups, with the label of each group and its share of last year's Total Taxpayers shown below.



Segmenting Taxpayers By Technology Acceptance (Cont'd.)

 These groups can be placed on a continuum of tech acceptance -- with the most tech-forward groups to the left below. Sizing these segments from year to year, we have seen clear movement of Taxpayers from the least-tech-oriented segment into the more tech-forward groups -- reflecting the increases in tech acceptance noted earlier.

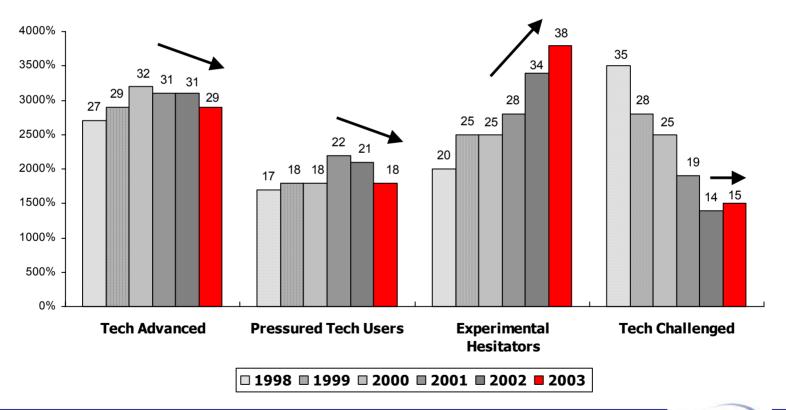


Segmenting Taxpayers By Technology Acceptance (Cont'd.)

- However, any segmentation model "ages" over time...
 - As people and/or products evolve...
- And the typical "life" of a segmentation model is generally put by researchers at between 3 and 5 years, though there are exceptions.
- In 2003, recognizing that statistical models age, RMR re-examined the 4-group segmentation of Taxpayers in a step-by-step manner to determine if it or some other model is the best way to represent Taxpayers' attitudes and usage of technology.
- <u>The first step</u> was to again apply the Discriminant Function Analysis to classify this year's respondents into the same 4-group model developed in 1998 and used since.

Segmenting Taxpayers Using The Original 4-Group Model

• This analysis showed that the more tech-accepting segments (*Tech Advanced* and *Pressured Tech Users*) were stagnant-to-declining in size, while the *Experimental Hesitators* were growing and the *Tech Challenged* were stable.



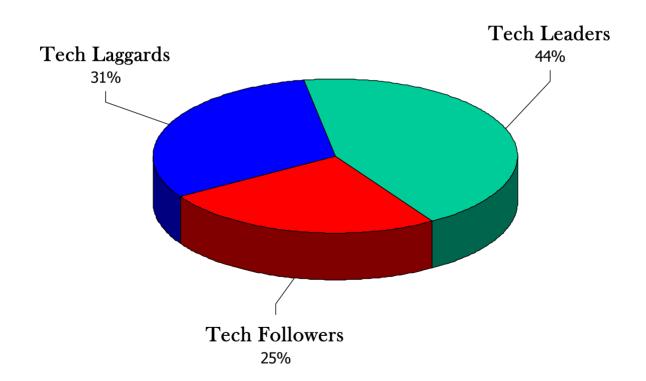
Segmenting Taxpayers By Technology Acceptance (Cont'd.)

- The <u>finding of declines in those two more tech-accepting segments ran</u> <u>counter to what we would expect</u> based upon the continuing long-term trend toward increasing acceptance and usage of technology seen in the stand-alone analysis earlier.
- So, <u>the next step</u> was to re-segment this year's sample, again using Cluster Analysis. This analysis showed that <u>the most robust segmentation</u> <u>model now consisted of 3 groups</u> and not 4, as in the past.
- RMR analyzed the 3 groups in the same manner as the original 4 and found that they represented three distinct groups of Taxpayers in terms of Technology Acceptance...



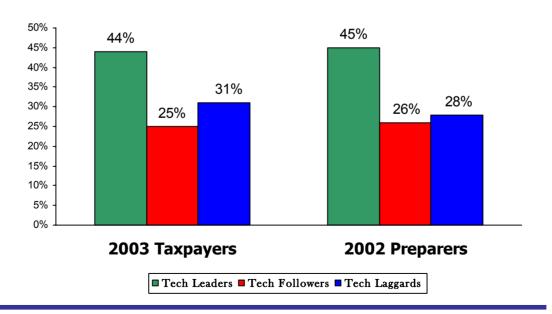
Re-Segmenting Taxpayers Using A 3-Group Model

The Size Of Each Of The Three New Segments



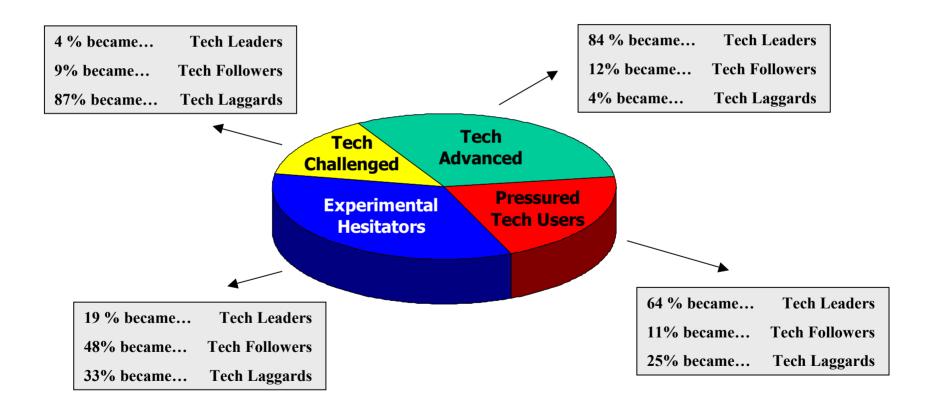
Re-Segmenting Taxpayers By Technology Acceptance (Cont'd.)

- After analysis of segment sizes and profiles, not only did this new segmentation "make more sense" than the counter-intuitive 2003 segment sizes that resulted from simply post-classifying Taxpayers into the same old (1998) model, it also aligned the Taxpayer segments closely to the 3-group segmentation developed in 2002 for Tax Preparers (in the Preparer Attitudinal Study) in both segment names and sizes.
 - Note: we would expect Preparers (who are professionals) to have more tech-forward attitudes than Taxpayers, and we may find that in the **2003** Preparer Attitudinal results.



Re-Segmenting Taxpayers By Technology Acceptance (Cont'd.)

• The new segmentation also made sense in terms of migration of respondents from the old 4-group segmentation to the new 3-group solution, as shown below.

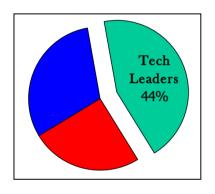


So Who Are The People In These 3 New Segments?

- Following are descriptions of each of the three segments.
- In reading this and thinking about each group, keep in mind what was noted before --
 - That, in any segmentation (and especially one involving a mixture of attitudes and behavior), the people in any one group are not homogeneous.
 - Instead, they are a "cluster" or collection of people showing a shared pattern of attitudes and usage which clearly sets them apart from other segments.

Tech Leaders -- 44% Of Taxpayers

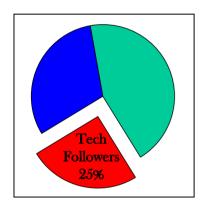
• **Tech Attitudes & Usage:** The most tech-forward of the segments, with most having been *Tech Advanced* or *Pressured Tech Users* in the old segmentation.



- 171% say they are among the first to try new technology and 80% feel technology can be trusted. 9-in-10 wish all government forms could be filed by computer, and 7-in-10 say they that if they could, they would do all of their financial dealings by computer.
- Importantly, only 6% can't imagine filing taxes except using paper returns -- which indicates that they are a strong opportunity segment for e-file.
- Overall, they <u>score highest</u> on the technology "leader" attitudes and <u>lowest</u> on the tech "follower" attitudes. They are <u>also more likely to</u> use virtually all of the different types of technology covered in the survey.
- <u>Psychographics</u>: this group is the most financially secure yet financially driven of the segments, and the most likely to be innovative and daring, leaders, outgoing, and comfortable with the pace of change.
- <u>Demographics & Return Type</u>: This group <u>skews</u> younger, higher income, better educated, and from IRS Area 2 (Mid-Atlantic) than other Taxpayers.
 They also skew Complex in return type and split on Self vs. Paid returns.

Tech Followers -- 25% Of Taxpayers

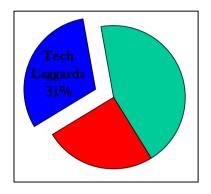
• <u>Tech Attitudes</u>: This is the next most tech-accepting of the segments, consisting mainly of the old *Experimental Hesitator* segment.



- They score relatively high (60%) in saying most technology can be trusted, but only 28% say they're one of the first to try new technology, only 11% say they want to do financial dealings by personal computer, and less than half (44%) say they wish all government forms could be filed by computer. In addition, 2/3rds say they cannot keep up with all the new technology and that you should never put financial information on a PC.
- Yet, just 31% of this group can't imagine filing taxes except using paper returns -- which means that two-thirds of them are open to the idea.
- Overall, they are the middle group across the range of tech "leader" and tech "follower" attitudes and they are #2 in use of technology.
- **Psychographically:** they're more similar to Group 3 overall, though they are not as stressed (either financially or in life/world view) as the people in Group 3.
- <u>Demographics & Return Type</u>: They are the middle group in age, income, and education. Like the *Tech Leaders*, they skew **Complex in return type** and are **split on Self vs. Paid**.

Tech Laggards -- 31% Of Taxpayers

• <u>Tech Attitudes</u>: Dominated by the old *Tech Challenged* and *Experimental Hesitator* groups, this segment is by far the least accepting of technology.



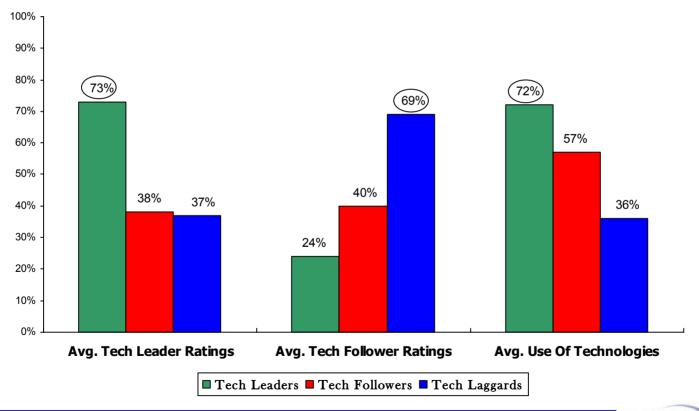
- They are not eager to embrace technology -- only 45% say technology can be trusted and only 35-37% say that they are among the first to try new technology or that they wish all government forms could be filed by PC. 75-81% say that they can't keep up with technology and that you should never put financial info on a PC. 62% say that computers scare them.
- <u>57%</u> say they **can't imagine filing taxes except using paper returns**.
- It's not surprising that this group is highest in all of the "follower" attitudes or that they are lowest in usage of technology.
- <u>Psychographically</u>: this group carries the same traits of stress and uncertainty as the old *Tech Challenged* group, with over half living from paycheck to paycheck and worrying about money and with 85% saying the world is changing too fast for them.
- <u>Demographics & Return Type</u>: they are **the oldest group**, with the **lowest incomes** and the **lowest education** levels. Unlike the first two groups, they skew **Paid-Simple in return type**.

Summarizing Differences Among The Segments

- The preceding segment summaries were based on analysis of differences that were found across a range of survey measures -- ratings of agreement with the "tech leader" statements and the "tech follower" statements, levels of usage of technology, psychographics, and demographics. The detailed data from each of these measures can be found in the Appendix, where there is graphic notation indicating which groups are higher or lower on each statement/response.
- There is a simple, yet effective way to illustrate how different these groups are on the key measures used to define them -- that being their average ratings of "tech leader" statements, their average ratings of "tech follower" statements, and their average levels of usage of the different technologies covered in the study. Those averages follow.

Summarizing Differences Among The Segments (Cont'd.)

• As shown in the average ratings below, the three groups score inversely on "tech leader" vs. "tech follower" ratings, with usage of technologies also correlated to tech leadership.

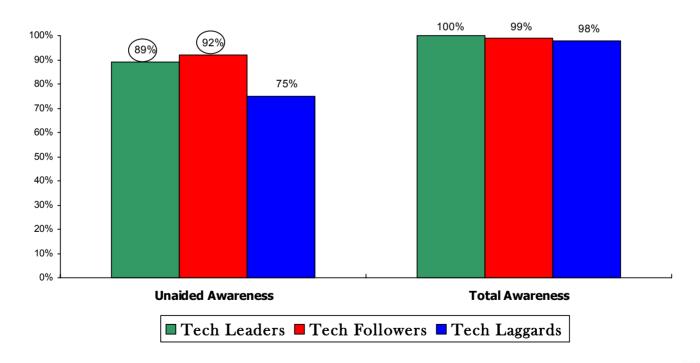


Awareness & Disposition Toward *e-file* **Among The Segments**

- We also looked at e-file awareness, claimed trial and usage, consideration, and recommendation data by segment.
- Results showed quite clearly that there is a strong correlation of awareness and interest in e-file and level of tech acceptance...
 - With the *Tech Leaders* generally having significantly higher interest in *e-file* products on all of the above measures, followed by the *Tech Followers*, with the *Tech Laggards* having notably lowest interest.
- The following charts summarize these results for 2003. The detailed data from each measure can be found in the Appendix.

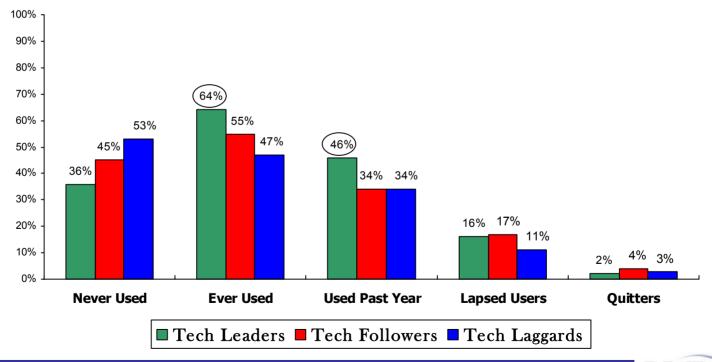
Awareness Of *e-file* **Among The Tech Acceptance Segments**

 <u>Unaided awareness</u>, a strong indicator of brand saliency, was significantly higher among the first two segments (*Tech Leaders* and *Tech Followers*) than the *Tech Laggards*. <u>Total awareness</u> (unaided plus prompted) was nearly universal among all three segments.



Experience With *e-file* **Among The Tech Acceptance Segments**

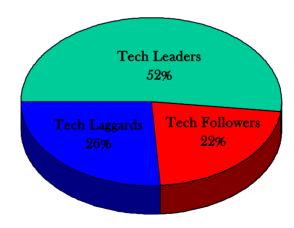
Looking at the experience with e-file among the three Tech Acceptance Segments, we see that Tech Leaders are significantly higher than the other two groups in terms of trial and usage, equal to Followers in lapsed usage (used in past, not used last year but would consider using), and average in terms of being e-file quitters (tried in past, did not use in 2002 and would not consider using again).



Each Segment's Share Of Past-Year *e-file* Usage

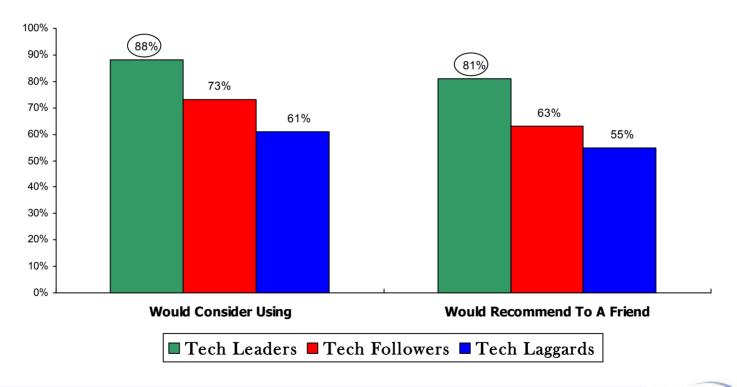
- Looking at each segment's <u>share of past-year e-file usage</u> (i.e., of all PY/past-year, Users, how many are from each segment), we see that indeed the *Tech Leaders* are driving usage so far...
 - With Tech Leaders accounting for 52% of all PY e-file usage.
 - While *Tech Followers* account for only 22% of PY usage.
 - And Tech Laggards account for 26%.

Each Segment's Share Of Past-Year *e-file* Usage



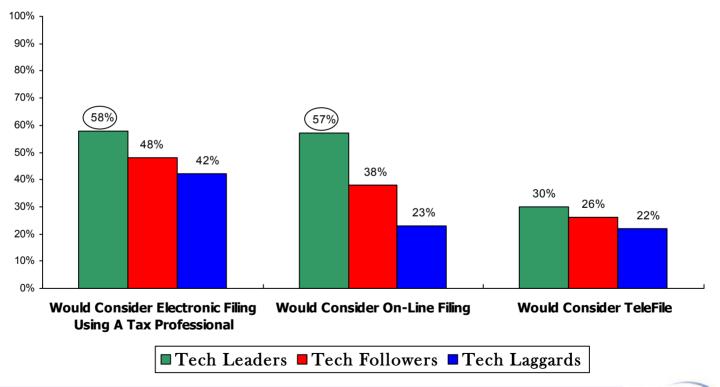
e-file Consideration & Recommendation Among The Segments

• <u>Consideration</u> and <u>recommendation</u> of *e-file* followed the tech acceptance level of each segment, with the *Tech Leaders* significantly higher than the other two groups on each of these measures -- and with the *Tech Laggards* always in the lowest position.



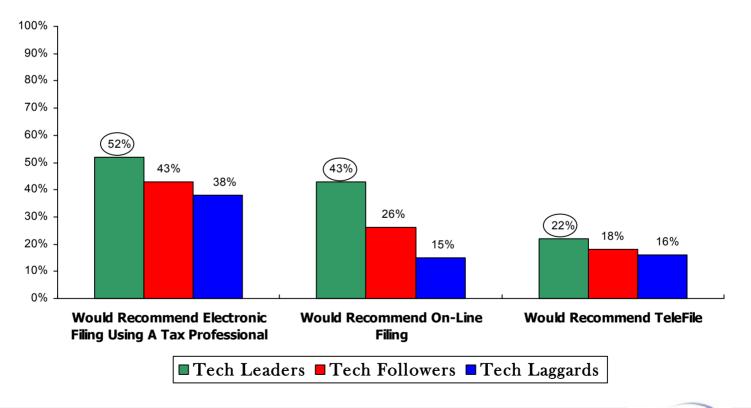
Consideration Of Each *e-file* **Method Among The Segments**

• In <u>consideration of use of **specific** *e-file* products, *Tech Leaders* are significantly higher than the other two segments in consideration of Practitioner *e-file* and On-Line Filing, though the segments are more similar in their consideration of TeleFile.</u>



Recommendation Of Each e-file Method Among The Segments

• The same pattern held for <u>recommendation of specific e-file products</u>, where the <u>Tech Leaders</u> were highest in potential recommendation of each product, followed by the <u>Tech Followers</u> and then the <u>Tech Laggards</u>.



Disposition Toward *e-file* **Among The Segments** (Cont'd.)

- To see the depth of interest in *e-file* among the segments, and to see if the interest found among the *Tech Leaders* went beyond simply having greater interest in technology, we looked at each segment's ratings of *e-file* benefits.
 - As demonstrated in the following table, interest in *e-file* among this group <u>was</u> deeper than simple "tech-i-ness", with the *Tech Leaders* being significantly more aware of *e-file* benefits and more likely to believe in the product.
 - The *Tech Followers* -- while not strong believers in *e-file* -- were still consistency ahead of *Tech Laggards* in agreeing that *e-file* was faster, more accurate, private/secure, and inexpensive.
 - The *Tech Laggards*, meanwhile, were the group most likely to show resistance to *e-file*, with 59% saying they see no reason to change from paper filing and with 69% saying that mailing in a tax return is still safer, more reliable. This was in line with the 57% earlier who said that they could not imagine filing taxes except using paper.

Detailed Segment Attitudes Toward *e-file* **And Tax Filing**

Tax Filing Statements (% Agree)

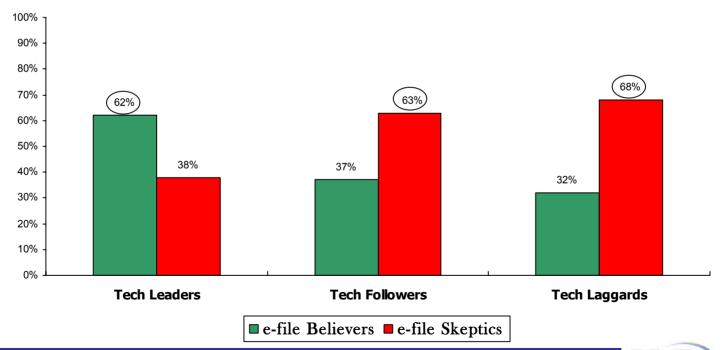
	TECH	TECH	TECH
BASE:	<u>LEADERS</u> 450	FOLLOWERS 243	<u>LAGGARDS</u> 307
	%	%	%
Filing taxes is something nobody likes, but everybody has to do	92	91	92
e-file is a faster way to get your Federal income tax return to the IRS	82	71	62
e-file is an accurate way to file your Federal income taxes	81	63	54
e-file is a private and secure way to file Federal income taxes	78	51	41
e-file is a faster way to get your Federal tax refund [money]	74	65	56
e-file is a better way to file your Federal income taxes	71	45	44
e-file is an inexpensive way to file your Federal income taxes	71	57	40
The IRS is becoming a friendlier, more helpful government organization	66	54	55
e-file is easy to use with little hassle	66	45	42
e-file provides proof of receipt	65	43	39
e-file changes the way you look at the IRS	36	25	33
Mailing in your Federal tax return is still safer, more reliable	33	60	69
I'm used to doing my taxes on paper and see no reason to change	23	47	59

BOLD GREEN=SCORES HIGH ON THIS ITEM; BOLD BLACK=SCORES NOTABLY LOWER THAN OTHERS.

Q20--Agree Completely or Agree Somewhat With Each Statement

Segment Attitudes Toward *e-file* **And Tax Filing**

 As shown later, the detailed attitudes toward e-file and its benefits can be used to segment the total Taxpayer audience into two groups -- e-file Believers and e-file Skeptics. As might be expected from the ratings in the previous page, the Tech Leader group skews toward belief in e-file while the other two groups skew toward skepticism about e-file.



Assessing The Opportunity Among Tech Acceptance Segments

- With such greater usage of, interest in, and belief in *e-file* among the *Tech Leaders*, it might be assumed that this group is the prime opportunity for increasing *e-file* usage. But there is evidence that the IRS opportunity is much more broad, extending to all Tech Acceptance segments.
 - Tech Leaders are still a part of the opportunity, because of their more favorable disposition toward technology and e-file. But, this group already constitutes 52% of all PY Users of e-file and since they skew toward complex returns, the remainder may be difficult to convert.
 - We believe *Tech Followers* are <u>also an opportunity</u> -- while they are 25% of all Taxpayers, they are accounting for only 22% of PY *e-file* Users. And these are people of a follower mindset after all -- while they are not true believers in technology or *e-file*, they are using technology at relatively high levels and 73% of them say they would consider using *e-file*.
 - Even the <u>Tech Laggards</u> seem to offer opportunity. At 31% share of Taxpayers, they already have a 25% share of PY Users of *e-file* and, even though they show resistance to technology and to *e-file*, 61% of them say they would consider using *e-file*.
 - Finally, the trends we saw earlier of usage of technology running ahead of acceptance suggest that there is a prospect of opportunity even among the two less tech-forward segments.

Reaching The Technology Acceptance Segments

- In each year's tracking survey, there is a series of questions about Taxpayer media habits, results of which are provided to the IRS and the agency for possible use in targeting Taxpayers in the high-opportunity Tech Acceptance segments. With the 2003 data showing that all segments offer potential opportunity, we are highlighting below those media with the greatest reach across all segments as well as those reaching specific groups. (The detailed media tables can be found in the Appendix.)
 - The <u>leading media across all segments</u> (with 50%+ reach into each group) are:
 - FM radio station stations
 - Early evening TV news programs
 - All-news cable stations such as CNN, Headline News, MSNBC
 - Late evening TV news programs
 - Non-premium cable TV movie channels
 - And TV sports programming
 - However, there are <u>other media with high potential among one or two segments</u>:
 - The Internet (which as 76% reach among Tech Leaders and 61% among Tech Followers)
 - Cable family/life programs (which have 49-57% reach among Followers and Laggards)
 - And early evening investigative shows (which reach 55% of the Tech Laggards)

The Return Type Segmentation



The Return Type Segments

- In addition to the attitudinal segmentation, we are now segmenting Taxpayers by other characteristics, looking for potential opportunities for e-file beyond the Tech Acceptance segments.
- The first of these is segmentation by Type Of Return. This is a behavioral (and not attitudinal) segmentation. In it, Taxpayer responses to two simple questions (whether used a Paid Preparer or not and degree of complexity of return) are used to categorize them into the 4 IRS "hard data" filing classifications of "Self-Simple", "Self-Complex", "Paid-Simple" and Paid-Complex". Keeping in mind that classification on the basis of two questions is likely to yield only an approximation of segments, here is how the 2003 survey data aligned with the hard filing data for the same tax year:
 - 21% of Taxpayers classified themselves as <u>Self-Simple</u> (vs. 25% in the 2002 filing data)
 - 24% were <u>Self-Complex</u> (vs. 17% in the filing data)
 - 21% were <u>Paid-Simple</u> (vs. 22% in the filing data)
 - And 34% were <u>Paid-Complex</u> (vs. 36% in the filing data).

The Return Type Segments (Cont'd.)

 Although the classification is rough, the filing method usage patterns found among each segment this year were again very comparable to those found in the actual filing data for the same year (2002). This gives us confidence in analyzing the Attitudinal Study measures among the four Return Type Segments.

	_	elf- nple		elf- nplex		aid- nple	Pa Com	aid- plex
SOURCE:	THIS STUDY	IRS DATA	THIS STUDY	IRS DATA	THIS STUDY	IRS <u>DATA</u>	THIS STUDY	IRS DATA
BASE:	210	30M RETURNS	239	20M RETURNS	214	26M RETURNS	337	42M RETURNS
<u>Used in Past Year (2002)</u>	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Electronic Filing Using Tax Prof'l.	4	4	2	5	46	56	36	39
TeleFile	12	14	2	0	0	0	0	0
On-Line Filing	15	14	16	24	3	0	2	0
Paper	65	68	72	71	47	44	60	61

(NOTE: "THIS STUDY" TOTALS WILL NOT ADD TO 100% SINCE "e-file Unspecified" AND "Don't Recall" RESPONSES DO NOT APPEAR IN TABLE.)

Demographic Characteristics Of Return Type Segments

- The demographics of the <u>total samples</u> of each of the four Return Types are very different:
 - <u>Self-Simples</u> are younger, more likely to be single without families, and have lower incomes.
 - Self-Complex are older, more likely to be married, higher income, and more educated.
 - Paid-Simple are younger but married with children, lower income, and less educated.
 - <u>Paid-Complex</u> are older, more married, higher income, and more educated.

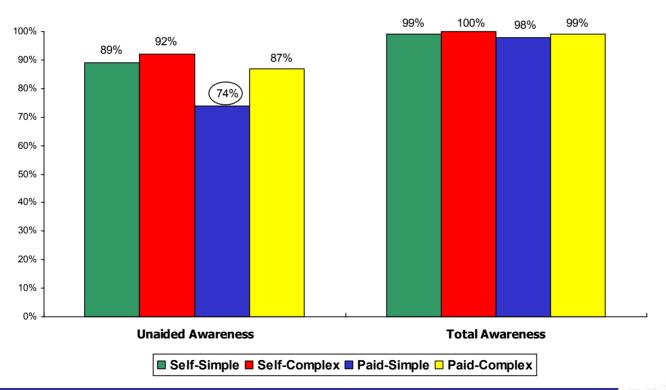
BASE:	Self- <u>Simple</u> 210 %	Self- <u>Complex</u> 239 %	Paid- <u>Simple</u> 214 %	Paid- <u>Complex</u> 337 %
QAGender Male Female	47 53	52 48	48 52	50 50
QBAverage Age Q15% Married	(38)	43	58	69
Q13Average HH Size Q14% With Children	2.7	2.8	2.9	2.9
Q17Median HH Income (000) Q27 - % With College Education	\$40.9 68	(\$62.9) 77	\$39.3 47	\$66.8 71
% Who Are Spanish-Language Taxpayers	11	7	8	6

Other Analysis Of The Return Type Segments

- In the other analysis of the total samples of each of the four Return Type Segments, we focus on:
 - The levels of awareness, usage (*e-file* experience), and consideration of *e-file* products within each Return Type Segment.
 - And how the Return Type Segments relate to each of the other segmentation analyses:
 - Technology Acceptance
 - e-file Attitudes
 - Filing Behavior
- After looking at the total in each of these segments, we will break down the
 <u>Paper Filers</u> (or Past-Year Non-Users of *e-file*) vs. the <u>Electronic Filers</u> (or
 Past-year Users of *e-file*) in each segment in an effort to further define the
 opportunity within these segments.

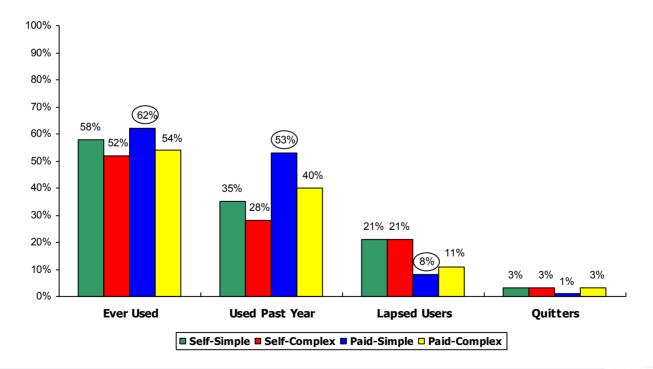
Awareness Of *e-file* **Among Return Type Segments (Total)**

• Looking at the total sample in each segment, we see that three of the four segments have similar levels of <u>unaided awareness</u> of <u>e-file</u> – the exception is the Paid-Simple group, who have significantly lower awareness (possibly due to lower involvement in filing in this group). <u>Total awareness</u> is virtually universal in all segments.



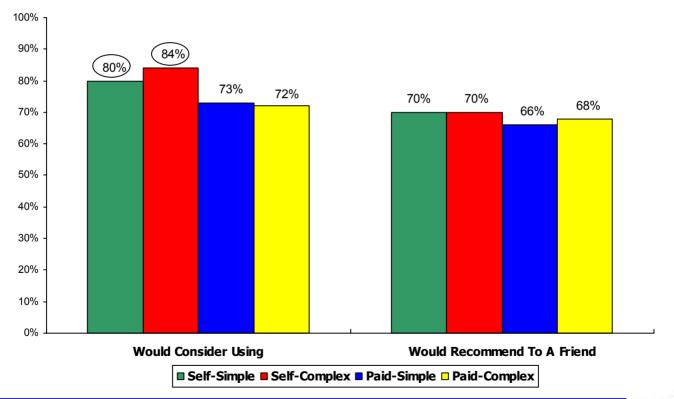
e-file Experience Among Return Type Segments (Total)

• Even though their unaided awareness was lower, the Total Paid-Simple group claimed to have had <u>higher e-file</u> trial and PY usage and <u>lower lapsed usage and quitting</u> than all of the other Return Type Segments. These are people going to a Preparer with a simple return and it is possible that while they are using *e-file*, they are less involved in their taxes, thus the lower unaided awareness that we saw among this group.



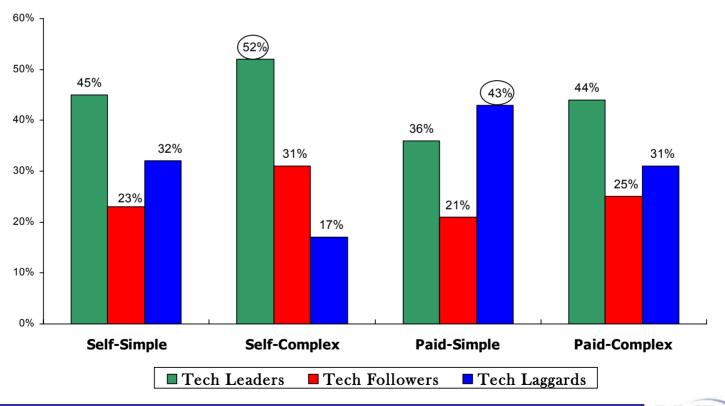
Consideration & Recommendation Among Return Types (Total)

 The two groups with the lowest PY usage of e-file (Self-Simple and Self-Complex) had the highest consideration of future use of it, with lower consideration among the two Paid segments. There were no significant differences among segments in terms of recommending e-file to others.



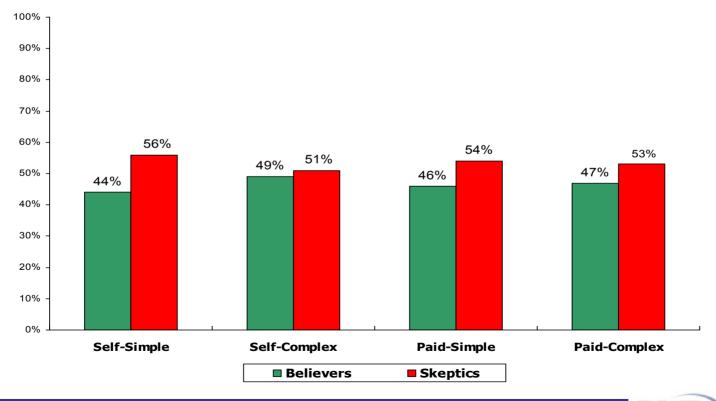
Technology Acceptance Among Return Type Segments (Total)

 Cross-linking the Return Type Segments (total) with the <u>Tech Acceptance Segments</u>, we find that the Self-Complex are skewed toward the *Tech Leader* mindset, while the Paid-Simple skew somewhat toward the *Tech Laggard* mindsets.



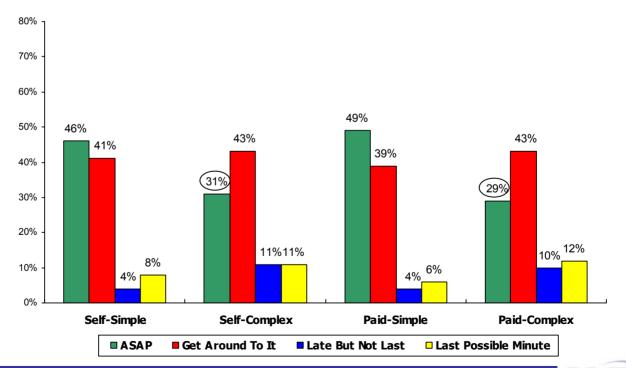
Attitudes Toward e-file Among Return Type Segments (Total)

 But cross-linking these segments with the later <u>e-file Attitudinal Segments</u>, we find no significant differences across Return Type Segments -- though there is a slight skew toward <u>e-file Skeptics</u> among the Self-Simple group.



Filing Behavior Among Return Type Segments (Total)

• Cross-linking the Return Types with the four <u>Filing Behavior Segments</u> that we will detail later, we find a natural skew toward <u>later filing</u> among the two Complex segments (who say they file "when I get around to it", "late but not at the last minute", and "at the last possible minute") compared to the two Simple segments (who are more likely to file "as soon as" they can).



How Do Paper vs. Electronic Filers Differ In These Segments?

• When we compare <u>Paper vs. Electronic Filers</u> within each segment, we find that the Paper Filers (people who are NOT using *e-file*) tend to be less tech-forward, older, later-season filers, less likely to get a refund, and far more likely to be skeptical about *e-file* benefits.

	<u>Self-S</u>	<u>imple</u>	Self-Co	<u>mplex</u>	Paid-S	<u>imple</u>	Paid-C	<u>omplex</u>
	Paper	e-file	Paper	e-file	Paper	e-file	Paper	e-file
	<u>Filers</u>							
BASE:	124	82	151	85	116	95	227	108
	%	%	%	%	%	%	%	%
Noting Only Differences:								
Tech Leaders	43	40	43	(75)	25	(46)	30	(50)
Tech Followers	25	49 21	43	(75) 13	25 23	19	39 24	(50) 27 23
	32		38				24 27	27
Tech Laggards	32	30	19	12	52	35	37	23
				4.0		- 4		
Average Age	37	36	45	42	39	34	(47)	41
5 L C 5"	4.4	5 6	20	20	26	6 4	26	24
Early-Season Filers	41	56 7	29 24	38	36	61	26	34
Later-Season Filers	(15)	7	(24)	16	14	5	28	12
Havally Cat A Dational	75	(24)	C 4	(OF)	72	(20)	Ε0	(00)
Usually Get A Refund		(84) 10	64	(85) 13	/3	<u>(85)</u>	59	(86) 12
Usually Have A Bal Due	22	10	30	13	15	/	34	12
a <i>El</i> a Dalianava	25	(FO)	25	(04)	24		20	$\overline{(73)}$
e-file Believers	35	(59) 41	35	(84) 16	24	(65) 35	29	(73)
<i>e-file</i> Skeptics	(65)	41	65	16	<u>76</u>	35	(71)	27
					_		_	

How Do Paper Filers Differ Across Segments?

• Comparing just the Paper Filers in each segment, we see that they differ attitudinally (with both "Self" segments somewhat more tech-forward than the "Paids") and demographically (with both "Simple" segments being younger and lower income than the two "Complex" segments).

	Self-Simple Paper <u>Filers</u>	Self-Complex Paper <u>Filers</u>	Paid-Simple Paper <u>Filers</u>	Paid-Complex Paper <u>Filers</u>
BASE:	124 %	151 %	116 %	227 %
Noting Only Differences:				
Tech Leaders Tech Followers Tech Laggards	43 25 32	38 19	25 23 52	39 24 37
Average Age	37	45	39	<u>47</u>)
Have Children	37	38	44)	47)
Married	46	67	61	75
Attended College	71	77	48	69
Median HH Income	\$40K	\$59K	\$43K)	\$68
Spanish-Language	14)	6	8	5

How Do Paper Filers Differ Across Segments? (Cont'd.)

• They also <u>differ in filing behavior</u> (with both "Simple" segments filing earlier and more likely to get a refund while both "Paid" segments include more V-Coders), <u>and in their awareness and acceptance of e-file</u> (with the two "Self" segments having higher interest in and acceptance of *e-file*).

BASE:	Self-Simple	Self-Complex	Paid-Simple	Paid-Complex
	Paper	Paper	Paper	Paper
	<u>Filers</u>	<u>Filers</u>	<u>Filers</u>	<u>Filers</u>
	124	151	116	227
	%	%	%	%
Noting Only Differences: Early-Season Filers Later-Season Filers	<u>(41)</u>	29	<u>36</u>	26
	15	24)	14	28
Usually Get A Refund	75)	64	73)	59
Usually Have A Bal Due	22	30	15	34)
V-Coders	16	28	65	74)
Unaided Awareness of <i>e-file</i> Ever Tried <i>e-file</i> Lapsed Users of <i>e-file</i> Would Consider Using <i>e-file</i> Would Recommend <i>e-file</i> To A Friend	84	90	(3)	82
	36	33	(19)	(24)
	32	29	(17)	(19)
	73	78	(53)	62
	56	60	(35)	48
<i>e-file</i> Believers	35	35	24)	29
<i>e-file</i> Skeptics	65	65	76	71

Assessing The Opportunity Among Return Type Segments

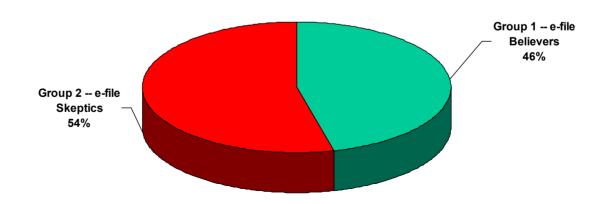
- Among the four Return Type Segments, the high opportunity segments would seem to be the two "Self" segments -- Self-Simple and Self-Complex. Why?
 - These segments in total have been slower to adopt e-file (filing data show only 29-32% usage in these two segments vs. 39-56% in the two "Paid" segments)...
 - Even though the Paper filers among them are somewhat more tech-forward and have higher interest in and acceptance of e-file than the Paper filers in the two "Paid" segments.
- So why are these two segments not using *e-file* at a higher level? While we do not know the main barriers for Self-Complex (this study is not designed for usage diagnostics), we do have a sense of the barriers among Self-Simple Paper Filers -- from the recent Self-Simple Focus Groups, which showed this sub-group (with no Preparer stimulating familiarity and comfort with paper filing) having a high lack of knowledge of *e-file* benefits and lack of comfort with the *e-filing* process. The fact that cross-linkage of segmentations showed that this group has a high proportion of *e-file Skeptics* (who also do not have strong belief in *e-file* benefits) seems to confirm what we heard in the focus groups.

The e-file Attitudinal Segmentation



The *e-file* Attitudinal Segments

- In one of the new segmentation objectives this year, we wanted to see how Taxpayers segment in terms of their attitudes toward *e-file* and tax filing. To do this, RMR conducted Cluster Analysis on Taxpayers' ratings of their attitudes toward the *e-file* product and tax filing.
 - After detailed analysis of various groupings and configurations, we concluded that Taxpayers were best split into two camps -- e-file Believers and e-file Skeptics, as shown below. (Expanding the analysis to 3, 4, or 5 groups yielded only additional shades of "Skeptics", and little differentiation, so we left it at a clear two-group split.)



Attitudes Toward Filing Among *e-file* **Attitudinal Segments**

• The differences between the two segments on *e-filing* vs. paper filing are stark and highlighted below. Note that they share only one attitude -- "tax filing is something nobody likes, but everyone has to do".

	<i>e-file</i> Believers	<i>e-file</i> <u>Skeptics</u>
BASE:	462	538
	%	%
Filing taxes is something nobody likes, but everybody has to do	91	93
e-file is an accurate way to file your Federal income taxes	90)	49
e-file is a faster way to get your Federal income tax return to the IRS	(89)	59
e-file is a faster way to get your Federal tax refund [money]	(87)	49
e-file is a better way to file your Federal income taxes	(85)	32
e-file is a private and secure way to file Federal income taxes	84)	38
e-file is easy to use with little hassle	84)	27
e-file provides proof of receipt	83)	24
e-file is an inexpensive way to file your Federal income taxes	(79)	39
The IRS is becoming a friendlier, more helpful government organization	(71)	50
e-file changes the way you look at the IRS	(45)	22
Mailing in your Federal tax return is still safer, more reliable	31	68
I'm used to doing my taxes on paper and see no reason to change	18	(60)

Q20--Agree Completely or Agree Somewhat With Each Statement

Demographic Characteristics Of *e-file* **Attitudinal Segments**

• There are also differences in the demographic characteristics of these two groups, with the *e-file Believers* being higher income, higher educated and somewhat more likely to have larger households and more children than the *e-file Skeptics*.

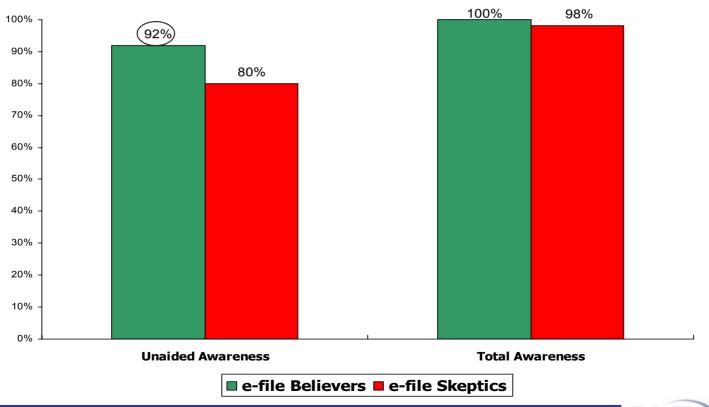
BASE:	<i>e-file</i> <u>Believers</u> 462 %	e-file Skeptics 538 %
<u>QAGender</u>	40	Ε0.
Male Female	48 52	50 50
QBAverage Age	40	43
Q15% Married	58	62
Q13Average HH Size	2.9	2.7
Q14% With Children	47	41
Q17Median HH Income (000)	\$55.6	\$50.7
Q27 – % With College Education	71)	61
% Who Are Spanish-Language Taxpayers	8	8

Other Analysis Of The *e-file* Attitudinal Segments

- In the other analysis of the two *e-file* Attitudinal Segments, we again focus on:
 - The levels of awareness, usage (*e-file* experience), and consideration of *e-file* products among *Believers* and *Skeptics*.
 - And how the two segments relate to each of the other segmentation analyses:
 - Technology Acceptance
 - Return Type
 - And Filing Behavior

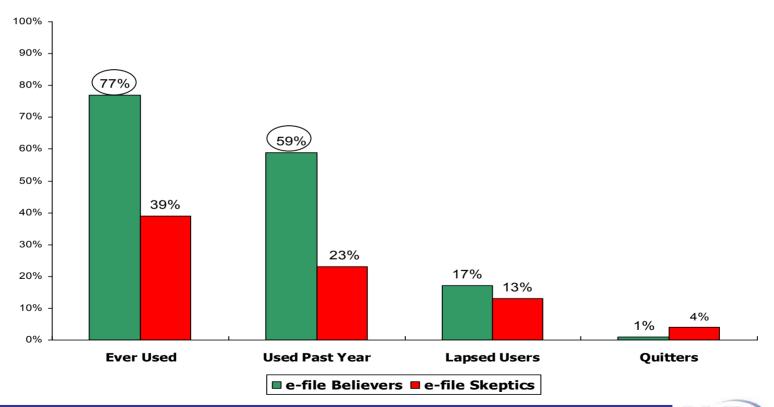
e-file Awareness Among The e-file Attitudinal Segments

 We found that, in addition to differing in disposition toward e-file, the two groups differ in their awareness of e-file, with the Believers having significantly higher unaided awareness of the product to begin with.



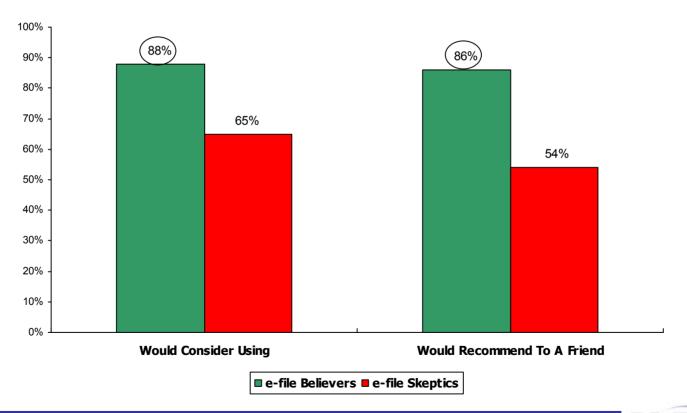
e-file Experience Among The e-file Attitudinal Segments

As might be expected, the e-file Believers have had far greater experience with e-file
 being higher in trial and past-year usage, though not substantially different from Skeptics in terms of lapsed users or quitters.



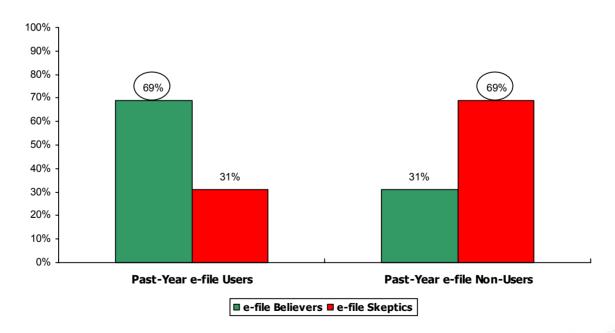
Segment Consideration & Recommendation Of e-file

And it is not surprising to find that both <u>consideration</u> of use and potential <u>recommendation</u> of *e-file* are higher among the *Believers*.



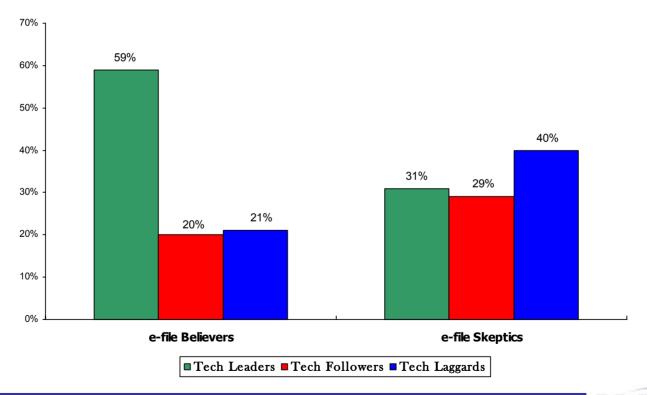
Belief & Skepticism About e-file Among Users & Non-Users

• Another interesting way to look at belief in vs. skepticism about e-file is to look at the presence of each e-file mindset among actual past-year Users and Non-Users of e-file. What we find is the vast majority of Users are Believers while the exact reverse is true of Non-Users, where the vast majority are Skeptics. But, this also says that one does not have to be a Believer to use e-file -- in line with the overall technology trend that we saw earlier (where usage of technology was outpacing acceptance of technology).



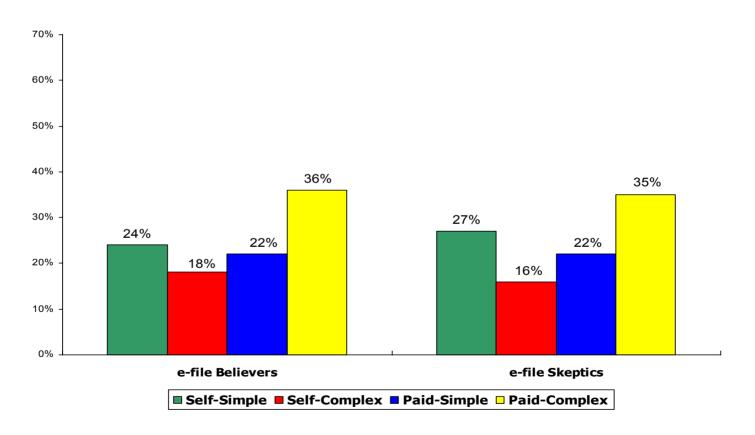
Technology Acceptance Among *e-file* **Attitudinal Segments**

Linking the <u>Technology Acceptance Segments</u> to the two *e-file* Attitudinal Segments, we see that the *Believers* are dominantly *Tech Leaders*, while the *Skeptics* are a mix of the three tech segments -- though skewed somewhat toward *Tech Laggards*.



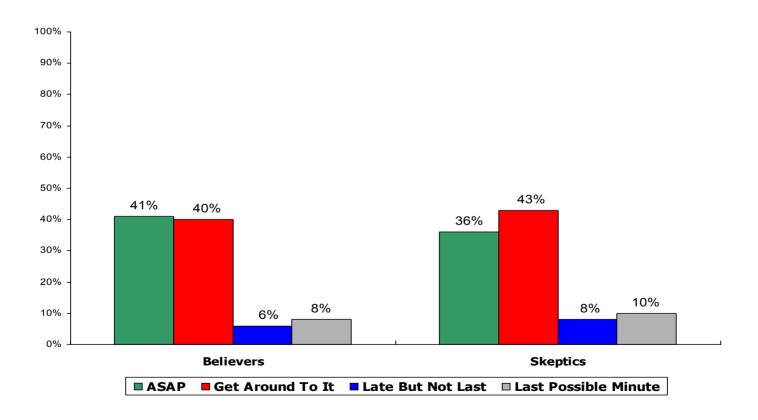
Return Type Of The *e-file* Attitudinal Segments

• There are no substantial differences in how the two *e-file* Attitudinal Segments relate to the four <u>Return Type Segments</u>.



Filing Behavior Among *e-file* Attitudinal Segments

• And there are no clear differences in how the two *e-file* Attitudinal segments related to the four <u>Filing Behavior Segments</u>.



What Is The Opportunity Among These Segments?

- With past-year usage of *e-file* among the *Believers* segment already quite high (60% vs. the 39% national filing figure for 2002), the clear opportunity coming out of this segmentation is to increase awareness, and specifically awareness of *e-file* benefits, among the *Skeptic* segment.
- This group has both lower unaided awareness of *e-file* than found among *Believers* and sharply lower awareness of *e-file* benefits.
 - Only 80% were aware of e-file without prompting.
 - And only 23% said they used e-file in the past year -- even though 65% of them said they would consider using it.
 - Why don't they use it? They don't believe in it. This segment has levels of belief in e-file benefits that are sometimes only one-third to one-half that of the e-file Believers.
 - And while we learned (from the chart showing Belief vs. Skepticism among Users and Non-Users) that one does not necessarily <u>have</u> to believe in *e-file* benefits to use it, the clear tendency among Users <u>is</u> to believe in its benefits while the clear tendency among Non-Users <u>is to be skeptical</u> about it.

The Filing Behavior Segmentation



The Filing Behavior Segments

- Another new objective for this year's study was to segment Taxpayers based upon their <u>filing behavior</u> -- i.e., when they file and why.
 - The "when" question was asked two ways -- both in terms of:
 - ◆ What is the general filing stimulus? (Do you file... as soon as you get your W-2 forms, when you get around to it, as late as possible during tax season, and wait until the last possible minute?)
 - And what is the <u>specific time period</u>? (*January, February, March, April Before The 15th*, and *After April 15th*).
 - Taxpayers were then asked for their reasons for filing at that time.

Main Motivation For Filing Behavior

• As shown below, there was a strong correlation between general stimulus to filing and the specific time frame -- e.g., Taxpayers who say they file "as soon as I get my W-2" are likely filing in February or even January, while those who say they "file at the last possible minute" are likely to be filing April 1-15 or beyond.

	As Soon As I Get <u>My W-2</u>	When I Get Around <u>To It</u>	Late As Possible But L Not Last Minute	
BASE:	371 %	418 %	81 %	95 %
WHEN FILE:				
January	21	1	0	0
February	74	39	4	0
March	4	43	30	4
April 1-15	1	12	61	72
After April 15th	0	0	4	23
Varies/Can't Recall	0	5	1	1

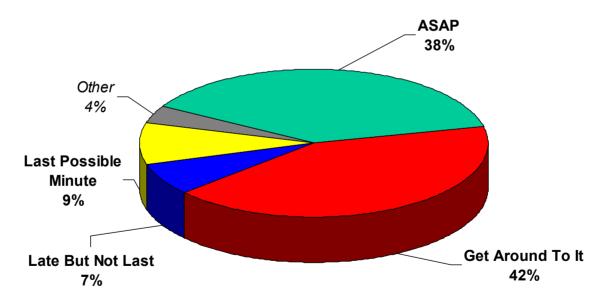
Main Motivation For Filing Behavior

So we looked at reasons for filing at each of the stimulus points and found that there
were clusters of responses that explained why Taxpayers file at each point. Seeing
this, we concluded that Taxpayers could be segmented on Filing Behavior by simply
looking at the four stimulus points and that these points best represent mindsets
toward tax filing.

	As Soon As I Get My W-2		Late As Possible But ot Last Minu	
BASE:	371 %	418 %	81 %	95 %
MAIN MOTIVATION FOR FILING THEN:				
Like To Get It Done & Over With As Soon As Possible	56	8	0	0
Usually Get A Refund & Like To Get My Money Back ASAP	28	6	0	0
I'm Pretty Busy, So I Get To It When I Can	2	36	22	16
It All Depends On When I Can See My Preparer	2	17	9	7
I'm A Procrastinator, Always Do Things At The Last Minute	0	4	15	23
Usually Owe The IRS Money So I Wait Until Late In Season	0	3	27	31
Have To Wait For Paperwork	6	12	10	5

The Filing Behavior Segments

• Each stimulus point was then re-named/re-labeled to allow as easy reference as possible when discussing them. Following are the labels/names applied and the proportions of Taxpayers in each group. Note: those who said their timing "varies" or could not recall timing were treated as "others" or outliers and have not been included in the analyses that follow.



Characteristics Of Filing Behavior Segments

• Their demographics show us that **ASAPs** skew toward younger females with lower incomes and education; **Get Around To It** are fairly typical though with a higher proportion of Spanish-Language Taxpayers; **Late But Not Last** are more likely to be older males, married with higher income; and the **Last Possible Minute** filers skew slightly female, older with children, well educated, and also with a higher than usual proportion of Spanish-Language Taxpayers. In terms of type of tax return, we see more Balance Due and fewer Refunds the later the filing segment.

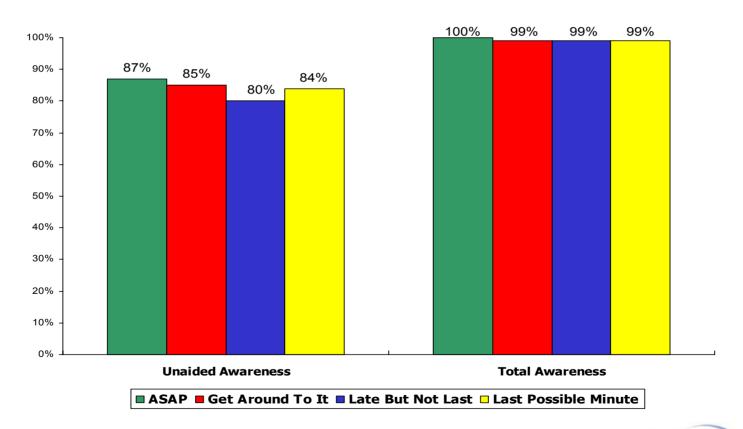
BASE:	<u>ASAP</u> 371 %	Get Around To It 418 %	Late But <u>Not Last</u> 81 %	Last Possible <u>Minute</u> 95 %
QAGender	4.4	F2		46
Male Female	44 (56)	52 48	(62) 38	46 54
QBAverage Age	(39)	41	46)	45)
Q15% Who Are Married	55	62	73	57
Q13Average HH Size	2.8	2.8	3.0	2.8
Q14% With Children	46	42	41	49
Q17Median HH Income (000)	\$44.4	\$56.5	\$68.8	\$62.4
Q27 - % With College Education	58	68	75	82
% Who Are Spanish-Language Taxpayers	5	10)	4	11)
% With Balance-Due Returns % With Refunds	9	21 72	37 54	(51) 42

Other Analysis Of The Filing Behavior Segments

- In the other analysis of the four Filing Behavior Segments, we also focus on:
 - The levels of awareness, usage (*e-file* experience), and consideration of *e-file* products across these segments.
 - And how the segments relate to each of the other segmentation analyses:
 - Technology Acceptance
 - Return Type
 - e-file Attitudes

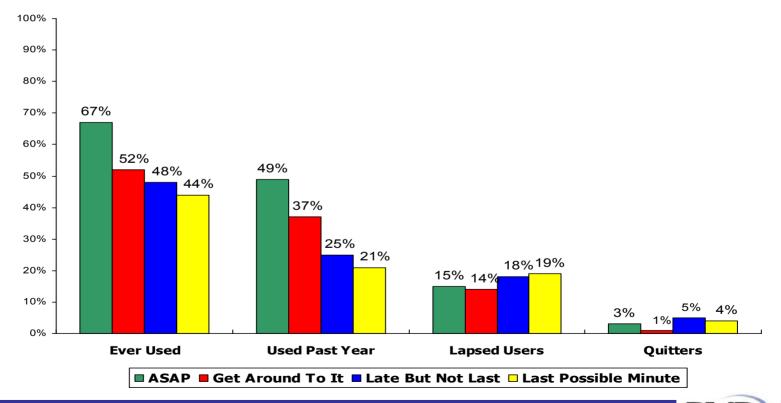
e-file Awareness Among The Filing Behavior Segments

 There are no strong differences in levels of awareness of e-file across these four segments.



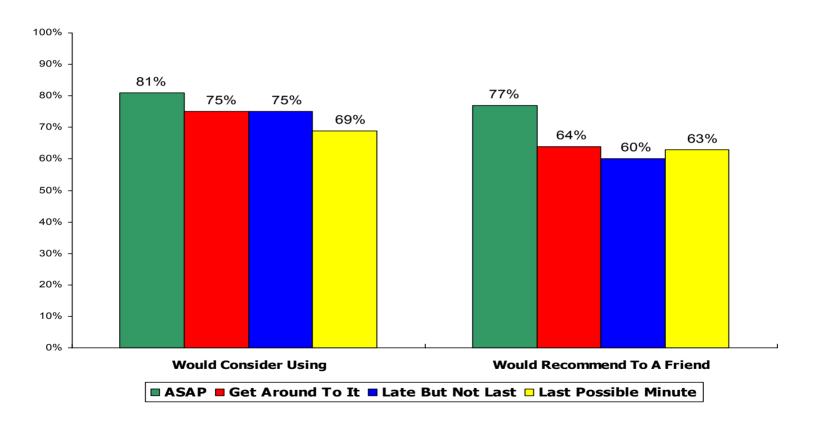
e-file Experience Among The Filing Behavior Segments

• There is a correlation of earlier, more eager filing with greater trial and usage of *e-file*. The data below show a pattern of higher trial and usage among the *ASAPs* and then the *Get Around To It*, with clearly lower trial and usage (and higher *e-file* lapsed usage and quitting) among *Late But Not Last* and *Last Possible Minute* filers.



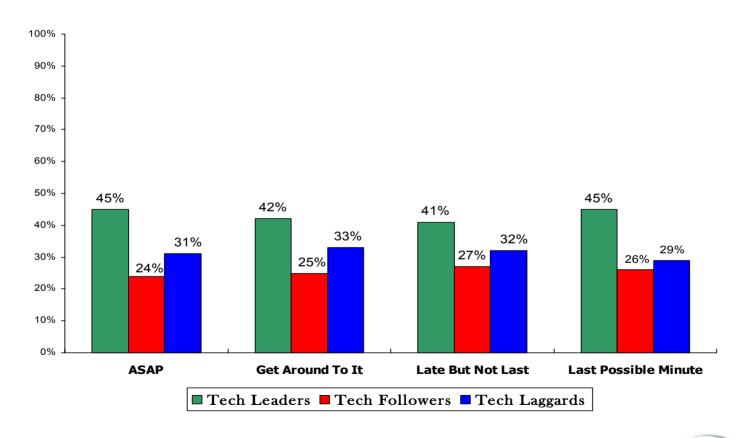
Usage/Consideration Among Filing Behavior Segments

 The earliest, most eager filers (ASAPs) also have higher consideration and recommendation of e-file than the other segments.



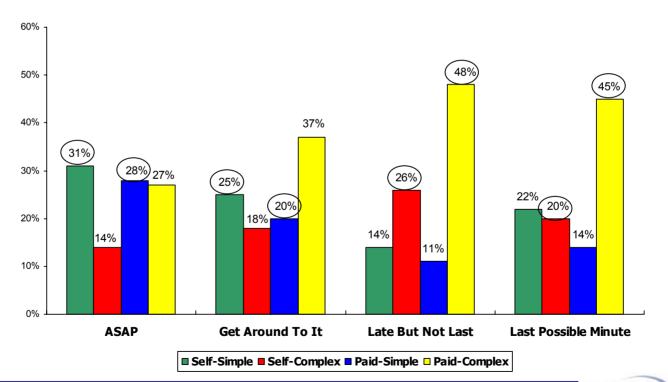
Technology Acceptance Among Filing Behavior Segments

• Linking the Tech Acceptance segmentation to this one, we see no substantial differences in tech acceptance mindsets across the four Filing Behavior Segments.



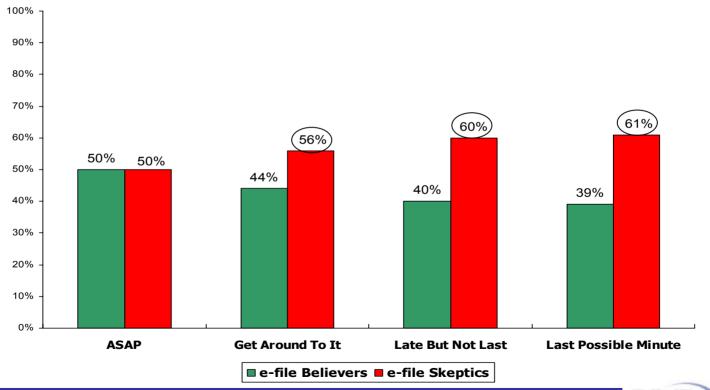
Return Type Of The Filing Behavior Segments

However, linking the Return Type Segments to these, we do see clear differences -with the earlier filers (ASAP and Get Around To It) having higher proportions of
Simple returns while the later filers (Late But Not Last and Last Possible Minute) have
higher proportions of Complex returns (especially Paid-Complex Returns).



e-file Attitudes Among The Filing Behavior Segments

• Finally, linkage of the two *e-file* Attitudinal Segments with the four Filing Behavior groups shows that *ASAPs* split evenly between *e-file Believers* and *Skeptics*, while the other three Filing Behavior segments skew toward *Skeptics*.



What Is The Opportunity Among These Segments?

- Results of the Filing Behavior segmentation indicate that there may be an opportunity among the three later filer segments -- specifically, those filing in March or later (Get Around To It, Late But Not Last, and Last Possible Minute).
- These three groups (which account for 58% of all Taxpayers)...
 - Have significantly lower *e-file* usage (21-37%) than earlier filers (at 49%) -- even though about 70% or more of them say they would consider *e-filing*.
 - Why don't they? <u>Not</u> because of lack of tech acceptance -- they have about as many *Tech Leaders* among them as the earlier filers. And, for most, it is <u>not</u> because they have a Balance Due and perceive *e-file* as being for people getting Refunds on average across the 3 opportunity segments here, 65% <u>got</u> a refund in 2002.
 - Instead, it seems to be linked to Return Type -- each of these groups skew toward Complex returns (55-70% in each group) and, for many, it may be a matter of putting off an unpleasant task (about 40% of each group say they are "busy" or they "procrastinate"). Communications addressing these reasons for later filing as well as the benefits of *e-file* might be helpful in converting these late filers.

Other Special Segments



Spanish-Language Taxpayers



Spanish-Language Taxpayers

- For the first time during the Taxpayer Attitudinal tracking program, a cell of Spanish-Language Taxpayers was added to the sample (via augments of those occurring naturally in the Taxpayer random sample) to allow analysis of this part of the emerging Hispanic target audience. In analysis of this segment, we focus on their demographics as well as their:
 - Levels of awareness, usage (*e-file* experience), and consideration of *e-file* products among this group.
 - And how this segment relates to each of the other segmentation analyses:
 - Technology Acceptance
 - Return Type
 - e-file Attitudes
 - And Filing Behavior

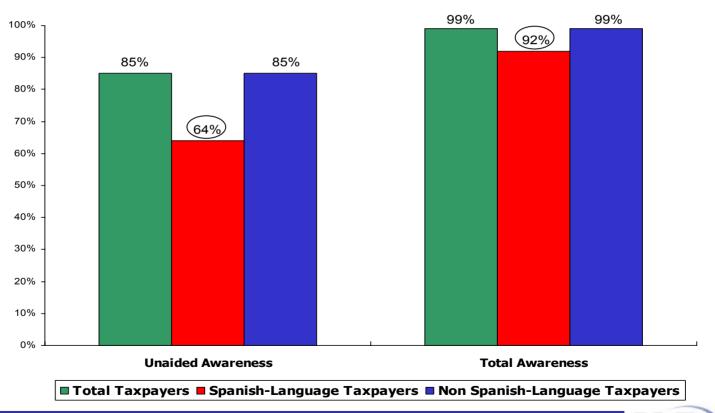
Demographic Characteristics Of Spanish-Language Taxpayers

 As might be expected from recent Census data and extensive media focus on the growth of the Hispanic market, Spanish-Language Taxpayers have a significantly different demographic profile from other Taxpayers -- this segment is younger, has more children and larger HH sizes, and has far lower income and education level.

BASE:	Total <u>Taxpayers</u> 1000 %	Spanish- Language <u>Taxpayers</u> 200 %	Non Spanish- Language <u>Taxpayers</u> 962 %
QAGender Male	49	50	49
Female	51	50	51
QBAverage Age	41	37)	41
Q15% Married	60	56	60
Q13Average HH Size	2.8	3.7	2.8
Q14% With Children	44	64)	44
Q17Median HH Income (000)	\$52.9	\$28.9	\$53.7
Q27 – % With College Education	66	42)	66

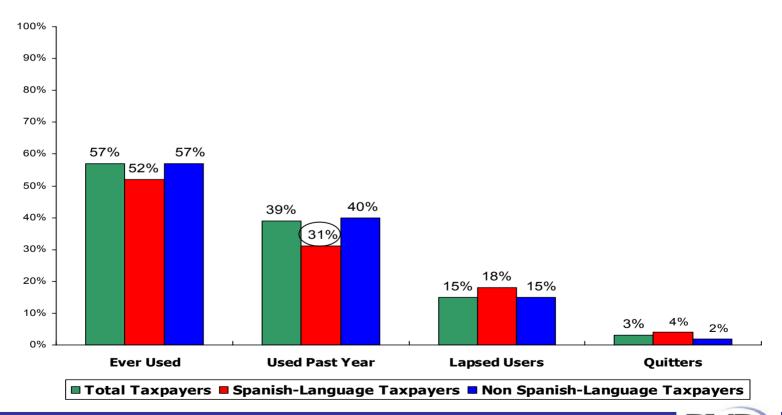
Awareness Of *e-file* **Among Spanish-Language Taxpayers**

 In the awareness measures, we found that Spanish-Language Taxpayers have significantly lower levels of both unaided and total awareness of e-file.



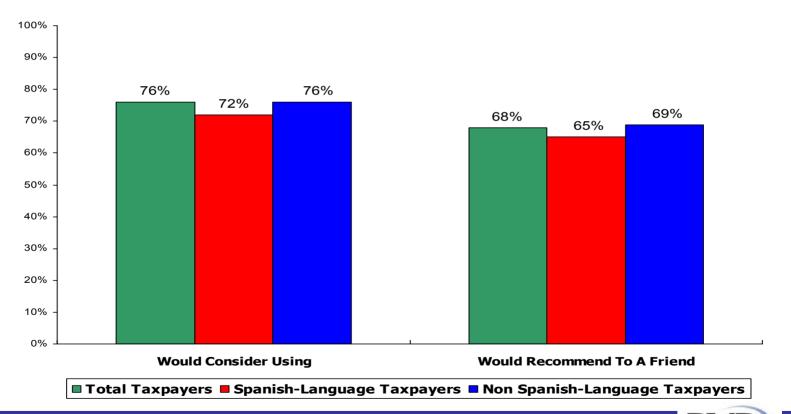
e-file Experience Among Spanish-Language Taxpayers

• They are also significantly less likely than other Taxpayers to try and use *e-file*, and statistically similar to other Taxpayers in terms of lapsed usage and quitting *e-file*.



Consideration & Recommendation Of *e-file*

• However, their levels of consideration and recommendation of *e-file* are only slightly (but not significantly) lower than the rest of the Taxpayer population.



Spanish-Language Taxpayers vs. Other Segments

- As shown in the next table, RMR analyzed Spanish-Language Taxpayers against all of the other segmentation data captured in this study and found that this segment differed from other Taxpayers only in terms of Tech Acceptance and Return Type:
 - In <u>Tech Acceptance</u>, Spanish-Language Taxpayers are far more likely to be *Tech Laggards* and far less likely to be *Tech Followers* or *Tech Leaders*.
 - In <u>Return Type</u>, Spanish-Language Taxpayers skew strongly toward Paid-Simple and away from all other Return Types, especially Self-Complex and Paid-Complex.

Spanish-Language Taxpayers vs. Other Segments (Cont'd.)

BASE:	Total <u>Taxpayers</u> 1000 %	Spanish- Language <u>Taxpayers</u> 200 %	Non Spanish- Language <u>Taxpayers</u> 962 %
Tech Acceptance Segments			
Tech Leader	44	36	44
Tech Follower	25	8	25
Tech Laggard	31	56	31
<u>Return Type Segments</u>			
Self-Simple	26	18	25
Self-Complex	17	6	17
Paid-Simple	22	53	22
Paid-Complex	35	23	36
<u>e-file Attitudinal Segments</u>			
<i>e-file</i> Believers	46	49	46
e-file Skeptics	54	51	54
<u>Filing Behavior Segments</u>			
As Soon As Possible	38	44	39
When I Get To It	42	47	41
Late, But Not Last Minute	7	5	8
Last Possible Minute	9	4	9
<u>V-Coders</u>	29	24	29

What Is The Opportunity In This Segment?

- Over half of the Spanish-Language segment are Paid-Simple filers. That
 alone should make them strong candidates for e-file (with Paid-Simples
 having the highest level of use e-file of all Return Types -- 53%). Yet, the
 Spanish-Language segment is e-filing at just the 31% level. So why aren't
 more of this group e-filing?
 - We looked at technology acceptance to see if that was the problem. We found that, while
 they are heavily skewed toward *Tech Laggard* influences, this does not seem to affect their
 attitudes toward *e-file*, with this segment having equal proportions of *e-file Believers* and *Skeptics* (or about the same as that of the total Taxpayer sample).
 - We also looked at their income and their perceptions of *e-file's* cost. Even though they are far lower than other Taxpayers in HH income, they do not seem to perceive *e-file* as more expensive than other filing methods.
 - So, what is the problem? It may be simply lack of awareness -- only 64% are aware of *e-file* voluntarily (without prompting) vs. 85% among non-Spanish Language Taxpayers. The IRS's new communications focus on this segment should help correct this problem.

V-Coders



V-Coders

- Taxpayers who said that their return was prepared on a computer and then mailed in to the IRS -- V-Coders -- were separated out from other Taxpayers in the random sample (along with Non V-Coding Paper Filers and Current/Past-Year e-file Users) and analyzed for their demographics as well as their:
 - Levels of awareness, usage (e-file experience), and consideration of e-file products.
 - And their relationship to each of the other segmentation analyses conducted here:
 - Technology Acceptance
 - Return Type
 - e-file Attitudes
 - And Filing Behavior

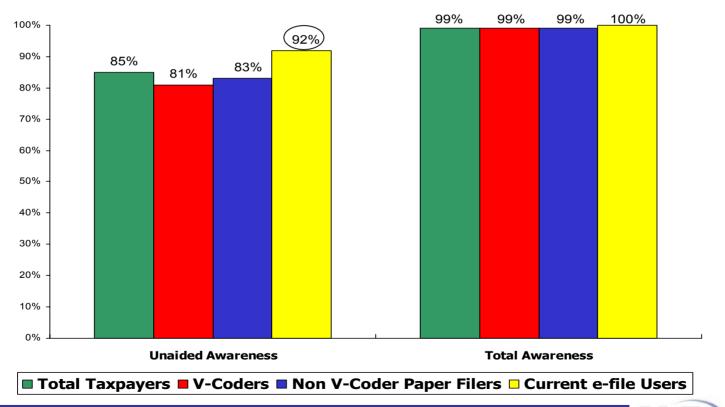
Demographic Characteristics Of V-Coders

 Demographically, V-Coders differ from Non V-Coding Paper Filers and other Taxpayers mainly in that they are older, more likely to be married, and have notably higher incomes.

BASE:	Total <u>Taxpayers</u> 1000 %	<u>V-Coders</u> 310 %	Non V-Coder <u>Paper Filers</u> 266 %	Current <u>e-file Users</u> 370 %
QAGender Male Female	49 51	52 48	46 54	49 51
QBAverage Age	41	44)	41	39
Q15% Married	60	72)	53	56
Q13Average HH Size	2.8	2.9	2.7	2.8
Q14% With Children	44	47	37	47
Q17Median HH Income (000)	\$52.9	\$59.9	\$49.1	\$49.9
Q27 – % With College Education	66	68	68	63

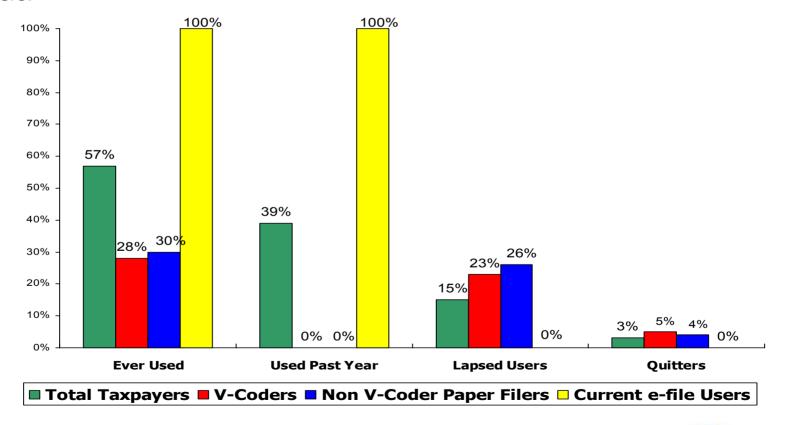
Awareness of *e-file* Among V-Coders

• The awareness data shows that V-Coders have only slightly lower unaided awareness of *e-file* than Non V-Coding Paper Filers, but significantly lower awareness than Current *e-file* Users.



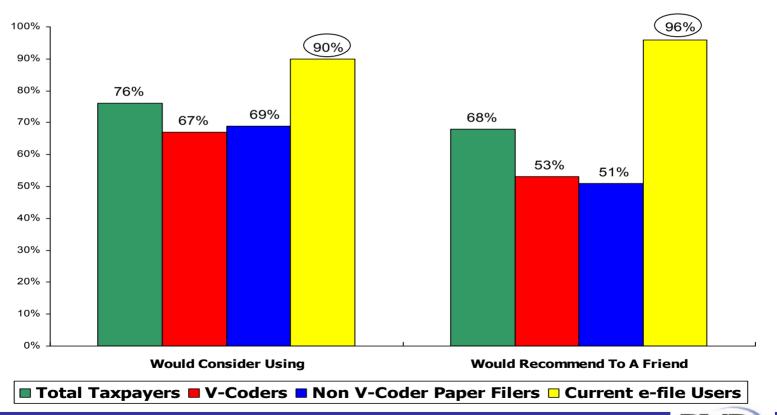
e-file Experience Among V-Coders

• 28% of V-Coders claimed to have tried *e-file*, but these are not *e-file* Quitters. Instead, they are Lapsed Users -- similar to what we see for Non V-Coding Paper Filers.



Consideration & Recommendation Among V-Coders

• V-Coders are also very similar to Non V-Coding Paper Filers in their consideration and potential recommendation of *e-file* -- though both are significantly below Current *e-file* Users on these measures.



V-Coders vs. Other Segments

- In the table that follows, we show how V-Coders, Non V-Coding Paper Filers, and Current *e-file* Users relate to all of the other segmentation data captured in the survey. This shows that V-Coders:
 - Include fewer <u>Tech Leaders</u> (as do the Non V-Coding Paper Filers), while Current Users skews toward <u>Tech Leaders</u>.
 - They skew heavily toward Paid-Complex Returns, while Non V-Coding Paper Filers skew heavily toward Self-Filing (both Simple and Complex) and Current Users have more of a mix of return types (though skewing somewhat toward Paid returns).
 - V-Coders (like Non V-Coding Paper Filers) <u>are mainly e-file Skeptics</u>, while Current Users of course are mainly e-file Believers.
 - Finally, looking at how V-Coders relate to the Filing Behavior Segments, we see that they (and Non V-Coding Paper Filers) include substantially more later filers.

V-Coders vs. Other Segments

BASE:	Total <u>Taxpayers</u> 1000 %	<u>V-Coders</u> 310 %	Non V-Coder <u>Paper Filers</u> 266 %	Current <u>e-file Users</u> 370 %
Tech Acceptance Segments Tech Leader Tech Follower Tech Laggard	44	40	40	52)
	25	26	28	21
	31	34	32	27
Return Type Segments Self-Simple Self-Complex Paid-Simple Paid-Complex	26	9	(49)	23
	17	12	(32)	12
	22	23	8	29
	35	56	11	36
<u>e-file Attitudinal Segments</u> e-file Believers e-file Skeptics	46 54	33 67	32 68	<u>69</u> 31
Filing Behavior Segments As Soon As Possible When I Get To It Late, But Not Last Minute Last Possible Minute	38	29	38	48
	42	44	43	39
	7	11	7	5
	9	12	11	5
Spanish-Language Taxpayers	8	7	10	7

What Is The Opportunity In This Segment?

- In analyzing the opportunity with this segment, we looked closely at who the V-Coders are. They are...
 - That portion of Paper Filers who have higher income and greater complexity of return (68% have Complex returns).
 - And 82% of them are paying a Preparer to do their return (only 18% are V-Coding on their own).
 - In addition, those with Complex returns tend to be later filers (March or later).
 - So, essentially these are later-season users of Preparers who are not telling their Preparer to *e-file* their return -- either because of their own insecurities about *e-file* (two-thirds of them are *e-file Skeptics* with low belief in *e-file*) or because of Preparer dominance in filing or negative Preparer influences (or all of the above).
- With such high levels of return complexity, dependence on Preparers, and resistance to *e-file* among V-Coding Taxpayers, the opportunity would seem to be the Preparer -- who appears to be the real V-Coder here.

e-file Experience Segments

(Including Lapsed Users & Quitters)



e-file Experience Segments

- Finally, RMR was asked to look at e-file Quitters as a segment.
- After defining **Quitters** as Taxpayers who had <u>tried e-file</u> in the past but had not <u>used it in 2002 and would not consider using it again</u>, we found that Quitters were actually quite a small segment (only 29 people in the 1,000 random sample). However, we did find a larger segment of **Lapsed Users** (149 Taxpayers who had <u>used e-file</u> in the past, did not use in 2002, but would consider using again in the <u>future</u>).
- These groups, along with Current Users, were analyzed as a separate *e-file* Experience Segmentation to see their demographic composition as well as their:
 - Levels of awareness and consideration of e-file.
 - And how these segments relate to all of the other segmentation analyses -- Technology Acceptance, Return Type, *e-file* Attitudes, and Filing Behavior.
 - Note that, with only 29 Quitters as a base, we could not run statistical analysis on this group vs. the others, so we looked for directional differences and highlighted them when they occurred.

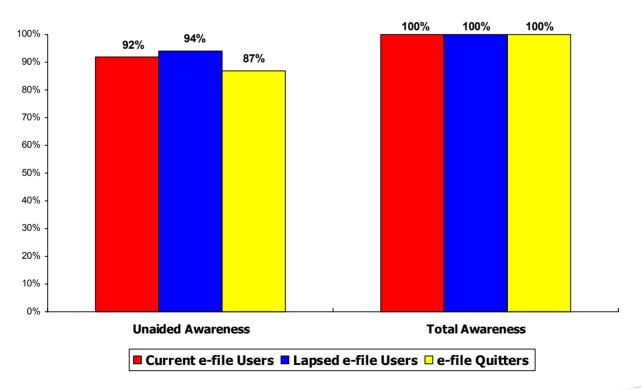
Demographics Of The *e-file* **Experience Segments**

• Demographically, the small base of Quitters seem to differ from Lapsed and Current Users mainly in income (they skew higher). The Lapsed Users were also higher than Current Users in HH income, and had a strong female skew as well.

BASE:	Current <u>e-file Users</u> 370 %	Lapsed <i>e-file</i> <u>Users</u> 149 %	e-file Quitters 29 %
<u>QAGender</u> Male Female	49 51	38 62	49 51
QBAverage Age	39	42	41
Q15% Married	56	64	68
Q13Average HH Size	2.8	3.0	3.2
Q14% With Children	47	49	50
Q17Median HH Income (000)	\$49.9	\$53.5	\$57.8
Q27 - % With College Education	63	72	68

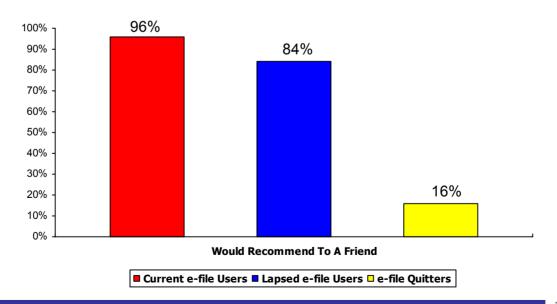
Awareness of *e-file* Among *e-file* Experience Segments

• There were no substantial differences in unaided awareness of *e-file* among these segments and all had universal awareness of *e-file* after prompting.



Recommendation Of *e-file*

• By definition, none of the Quitters would consider using e-file again and all of the Lapsed Users would consider using it again, so we focused here on the proportion of each segment who would recommend e-file. We found 84% of Lapsed Users (and even 16% of Quitters) would recommend e-file to others vs. 96% among Current Users. This seems to indicate that while the small group of Quitters are completely "turned off" to e-file, the larger group of Lapsed Users are not and therefore may offer an opportunity for resumed usage.



e-file Experience Segments vs. Other Segments

- In the table that follows, we show how the *e-file* Experience Segments link to the other segmentation data in the study. We focused this analysis on the Lapsed Users, since Quitters are so small-based and Current User linkage has already been covered in preceding analyses. This analysis shows that Lapsed Users:
 - Are about as tech-forward as the Current Users.
 - Skew toward Self preparation (of mainly Simple returns).
 - Are an even mix of e-file Believers and e-file Skeptics.
 - And tend to be somewhat later filers than Current Users.

e-file Experience Segments vs. Other Segments

BASE:	Current <u>e-file Users</u> 370 %	Lapsed <i>e-file</i> <u>Users</u> 149 %	e-file Quitters 29 %
<u>Tech Acceptance Segments</u> Tech Leader Tech Follower Tech Laggard	52	48	27
	21	29	37
	27	23	36
Return Type Segments Self-Simple Self-Complex Paid-Simple Paid-Complex	23	36	28
	12	25	16
	29	12	10
	36	27	46
e-file Attitudinal Segments e-file Believers e-file Skeptics	<u>69</u>	52	24
	31	48	76
Filing Behavior Segments As Soon As Possible When I Get To It Late, But Not Last Minute Last Possible Minute	48)	38	44
	39	40	16
	5	9	14
	5	12	15

What Is The Opportunity In This Segment?

- The opportunity in this segment is not the Quitter group (as believed going into the survey) -- Quitters are only a small part of *e-file* non-use. The real opportunity is the Lapsed User of *e-file* (15% of all Taxpayers) -- this is the Taxpayer who has used *e-file* in the past but not the most recent year, and who would consider using *e-file* again. Who are Lapsed Users? They are...
 - Heavily (62%) female.
 - Almost as tech-forward as Current Users of e-file.
 - With high awareness of e-file and no indication of unusual resistance to use.
 - Who skew strongly (61%) toward Self preparation of their tax return (though with a close mix of Simple and Complex returns).
- The opportunity here may be one of targeting via media selection, bearing in mind this segment's strong female skew and do-it-yourself approach to tax filing.

Other Learning From The Study



Learning From Other Measures

- While the Attitudinal Tracking Study is not the primary source of awareness and usage levels for *e-file*, the survey does include these measures and, given the high random sample base in the study (1,000), we report this data for information purposes each year.
 - The first set of 3 tables which follow show awareness, usage, consideration, and recommendation of filing methods (with recommendation added as a measure in 2003). In reading these tables, keep in mind that we changed the manner of presenting On-Line Filing (breaking it out into O-L With An On-Line Company and O-L Filing With Software) -- plus, we added *e-file* as a general mention. As expected, these changes resulted in instability in data for specific *e-file* products compared to 2002 (though the "net" data for *e-file* was generally stable). We will resume year-to-year comparisons of this data in the 2004 study, when we present On-Line Filing in a manner consistent with this year.
 - The second set of 2 tables show data from all of the remaining measures in the study -- questions about EITC filing, balance due and method of receipt, use of a preparer, Fed-State *e-filing*, etc. Some of these data have been incorporated into the earlier segmentations. They are reported here for information purposes only.

Awareness Of Tax Filing Methods -- 1998-2003

BASE:	Taxpayer	Taxpayer	Taxpayer	Taxpayer	Taxpayer	Taxpayer
	Attitudinal	Attitudinal	Attitudinal	Attitudinal	Attitudinal	Attitudinal
	Tracking	Tracking	Tracking	Tracking	Tracking	Tracking
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
	1017	1005	1000	1000	1000	1000
	%	%	%	%	%	%
<u>Unaided Method Awareness</u> Self-Prepared Paper Return Paper Return Using A Tax Professional	67 54	74 46	73 52	74 48	75 44	76 62
Electronic Filing Using A Tax Professional On-Line Filing (Net) O-L With On-Line Company O-L With Software TeleFile e-file Unspecified	41	42	41	44	43	41
	29	41	47	48	59	37
	×	×	×	×	×	23
	×	×	×	×	×	23
	21	24	25	27	22	27
	x	x	x	x	x	21
Net Unaided Mentions of ETA Products	70	74	77	79	83	85
<u>Total Method Awareness (Unaided + Aided)</u> Self-Prepared Paper Return Paper Return Using A Tax Professional	96	97	97	97	97	97
	96	96	97	98	96	98
Electronic Filing Using A Tax Professional On-Line Filing (Net) O-L With On-Line Company O-L With Software TeleFile e-file Unspecified	84	87	86	89	92	93
	70	78	82	83	88	85
	×	×	×	×	×	63
	×	×	×	×	×	75
	62	60	61	61	57	57
	x	x	x	x	x	52
Net Total Mentions of ETA Products	95	97	97	98	99	99

Usage Of Tax Filing Methods -- 1998-2003

BASE: 1017	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking 1998 1005 %	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking 1999 1000 %	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking 2000 1000 %	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking 2001 1000 %	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking 2002 1000 %	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking 2003 %
Methods Ever Used Self-Prepared Paper Return Paper Return Using A Tax Professional	70 66	74 68	71 66	73 64	75 65	71 67
Electronic Filing Using A Tax Professional TeleFile On-Line Filing (Net) O-L With On-Line Company O-L With Software e-file Unspecified	26 10 3 × ×	29 12 8 × ×	31 14 9 × ×	34 16 13 × ×	41 17 16 × ×	37 15 18 7 15 13
Net Mentions Of ETA Products	34	41	45	49	57	57
Method Used in Past Year (2002) Paper Return Using A Tax Professional Self-Prepared Paper Return	41 36	39 35	39 35	35 37	33 35	29 31
Electronic Filing Using A Tax Professional TeleFile On-Line Filing (Total) O-L With On-Line Company O-L With Software e-file Unspecified	12 4 * × ×	14 5 1 × ×	19 5 2 × ×	20 4 4 × ×	23 5 4 × ×	24 4 8 2 6 4
Net Mentions Of ETA Products	16	20	26	28	32	39



Consideration & Recommendation -- 1998-2003

BASE:	Taxpayer	Taxpayer	Taxpayer	Taxpayer	Taxpayer	Taxpayer
	Attitudinal	Attitudinal	Attitudinal	Attitudinal	Attitudinal	Attitudinal
	Tracking	Tracking	Tracking	Tracking	Tracking	Tracking
	1998	1999	2000	2001	2002	2003
	1017	1005	1000	1000	1000	1000
	%	%	%	%	%	%
Methods They Would Consider Using Paper Return Using A Tax Professional Self-Prepared Paper Return	62	68	62	59	58	40
	57	61	50	49	48	52
Electronic Filing Using A Tax Professional On-Line Filing O-L With On-Line Company O-L With Software TeleFile e-file Unspecified	47	57	55	58	61	50
	41	49	46	49	52	(42)
	×	×	×	×	×	(25)
	×	×	×	×	×	35
	34	43	35	35	33	26
	x	x	x	x	x	32
Net Mentions Of ETA Products	71	80	79	79	83	76
Methods They Would Recommend To A Friend Paper Return Using A Tax Professional Self-Prepared Paper Return	x	X	x	x	X	38
	x	X	x	x	X	53
Electronic Filing Using A Tax Professional On-Line Filing O-L With On-Line Company O-L With Software TeleFile e-file Unspecified	x x x x x	x x x x x x	x	x	x x x x x	45 30 16 25 19 23
Net Mentions Of ETA Products	x	x	x	x	x	68

Totals For Other Measures -- 2003 Only

BASE:	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking <u>2003 Only</u> 1000
	%
<u>Q. 15 -Type Of Return Filed</u>	
Basic Return With No Schedules Attached	48
Return With Schedules Attached	52
O. 16 -Additional Forms/Attachments Filed	
Form 2106 – The Business Expense Form	13
Schedule "C"	11
Schedule "E"	4
Schedule "F"	2
O. 14 - Did You Receive the Earned Income Tax Credit?	
Yes	25
No	46
Don't Know	29
O. 11 - Result of Tax Filing	
Balance Due To The IRS	20
Received A Refund	74
Had A Zero Balance	2
ridu A Zeio baidiice	Z
<u>Q. 12 - How Paid the Balance Due</u>	
NEW BASE: TOTAL WITH BALANCE DUE	209
Automatic Withdrawal from a Checking/Savings	5
Credit Card	3
Wrote A Check	84
O. 13 - Method of Receiving Refund	
NEW BASE: TOTAL RECEIVED A REFUND	<i>731</i>
Direct Deposit to Checking/Savings	38
Received A Check From The IRS	59

Totals For Other Measures -- 2003 Only (Cont'd.)

BASE:	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking <u>2003 Only</u> 1000 %
O 10a - Mothod Of Proparing Paper Poturn	70
Q. 10a - Method Of Preparing Paper Return NEW BASE: TOTAL PAPER RETURN USERS Pen/Pencil On A Computer, Then Printed Out And Mailed (V-Coder) Can't Recall/Don't Know	618 46 47 7 Re-Based V-Coders Among Total Sample = 29%
O. 10b - Who Prepared Return TOTAL RESPONDENTS Paid Preparer Self, Family Member, Or Friend	1000 57 43
Q. 10c - If Paid Preparer Above, Was the Preparer A NEW BASE: TOTAL WHO USED A PAID PREPARER Certified Public Accountant (CPA) Other Tax Professional Can't Recall/Don't Know	551 66 21 13
<u>Q. 10d - Did The Paid Preparer Offer e-file?</u> Yes No Can't Recall	65 24 11
Q. 17a – If State Income Tax, Is There A Fed/State e-file TOTAL RESPONDENTS Yes, Had A Fed/State e-file Option No, Did Not Have A Fed/State e-file Option No State Income Tax Don't Know	1000 19 30 6 44
Q. 17b — Use Of Combined Fed/State e-file Tax Option NEW BASE:TOTAL WITH FED-STATE e-file OPTION Use Combined Fed/State e-file Option Did Not Use Combined Fed/State e-file Option Can't Recall	<i>194</i> 46 45 9

Summary & Conclusions



Summary & Conclusions

Following are the key findings from the 2003 IRS *e-file* Attitudinal Tracking Study:

- 1. <u>Taxpayers & Technology</u>: Results of the 2003 IRS *e-file* Attitudinal Tracking Study show a continuation of <u>two important trends</u> observed in earlier waves of tracking...
 - Slowly, but steadily, Taxpayers are increasing their acceptance of technology.
 - With a +7 point average increase in Taxpayers' *tech leader*-like thinking and a -7 point decrease in their *tech follower*-like thinking over the course of this tracking program.
 - At the same time, Taxpayers are <u>much more rapidly adopting technology</u>.
 - With a +21 point average increase in claimed adoption of that group of technologies which have been covered in the survey since 1998.
 - This suggests that people will adopt specific technologies (based on a real or perceived need or even other influences, such as advertising, word-of-mouth recommendation, etc.) even before they have reached emotional acceptance of technology in general.
 We see this in the case of *e-file* too, where we found that not all Past-Year Users were attitudinally accepting of *e-file* benefits, yet were using it.

Summary & Conclusions (Cont'd.)

- 2. <u>Segmenting Taxpayers On Technology Acceptance</u>: As expected, the statistical model used to segment Taxpayers by their technology attitudes and behaviors over the past 5 years <u>has aged</u> (as people and technology products have evolved) and, <u>in a resegmentation effort this year</u>, we found that Taxpayers should be segmented into three groups and not four as in the past. These three groups are:
 - *Tech Leaders* -- 44% of all Taxpayers, leading the way in acceptance of technology and *e-file*.
 - *Tech Followers* -- 25% of Taxpayers, cautious about technology, but open to trial of *e-file*.
 - *Tech Laggards* -- 31% of Taxpayers, resisting technology yet accounting for 25% of *e-file* usage.
 - All three groups can -- and, if the 80% goal is to be reached, <u>must</u> -- <u>be treated as opportunities for increasing usage of *e-file*</u>; though emphasis should be on the *Followers* and *Laggards*, who are the key to future growth and who need more education about the benefits of *e-file*.
 - One further note: the new segmentation of Taxpayers aligns closely with the similar segmentation of Tax Preparers (in the Preparer Attitudinal Study), which means that IRS now has a basis for comparison of acceptance and adoption of technology among its two most important targets.

Summary & Conclusions (Cont'd.)

- 3. <u>Segmenting Taxpayers On Other Attitudes & Behaviors</u>: The suggestions from both FCB and IRS for expanding the study this year to include exploration of other Taxpayer prospects, together with deeper analysis of Taxpayer Return Type, yielded 6 other possible opportunities for growth of *e-file*, including opportunities within:
 - Return Type -- The high opportunity segments here are the <u>Self-Simple</u> and <u>Self-Complex</u>. At 29-32% actual *e-file* usage, both are well below the usage levels of the other two Return Types -- even though the Paper Filers in these segments are more tech-forward and have higher interest in and acceptance of *e-file* than Paper Filers in the other two segments. If other recent IRS research is a guide, then the barrier to use for the <u>Self-Simple</u> is a profound lack of knowledge of *e-file* and its benefits and high comfort with paper filing. The barriers among <u>Self-Complex</u> should also be explored (since this study does not provide usage diagnostics).
 - Attitudes Toward e-file -- Taxpayers split into two segments in terms of their attitudes toward e-file -- with 46% being e-file Believers and 54% being e-file Skeptics. With Believers already having high e-file use (60%), the opportunity here are the Skeptics -- who have the twin barriers of somewhat weaker awareness of e-file generally and sharply lower recognition of e-file benefits.
 - **Filing Behavior** -- In terms of when and why Taxpayers file, there are four segments and three of them (*Get Around To It*, *Late But Not Last*, and *Last Possible Minute* -- all generally filing in March or later) account for 58% of all Taxpayers and have significantly lower usage of *e-file* than the other segment (*ASAPs*). Their reasons for later filing and non-use of *e-file* appear to be linked to Return Type (they skew strongly toward Complex returns). The opportunity here is for communications or messages which address this Return Type and *e-file's* benefits for it.

Summary & Conclusions (Cont'd.)

3. Segmenting Taxpayers On Other Attitudes & Behaviors (Cont'd.)

- **Spanish-Language Taxpayers** -- With over half of this segment being Paid-Simple filers and with usage of *e-file* highest among this Return Type, the Spanish-Language segment should be using *e-file* at a higher rate than now (only 31% are users). So, why aren't more of them using it? The problem (and the opportunity here) appears to be weak awareness -- only 64% are aware of *e-file* voluntarily vs. 85% among other Taxpayers. IRS's communications focus on this segment should help with this problem.
- V-Coders -- To better understand this segment and why they do not e-file, we looked at who they are and found that they are essentially <u>later-season</u>, <u>Complex filers who use Preparers at an exceptional rate (79%) and who are not telling their Preparer to e-file their return</u> -- either because of their own insecurities about e-file (two-thirds of them are e-file Skeptics with low belief in e-file) or because of Preparer dominance in filing or negative Preparer influences (or all of the above). Given this profile and the apparent dependence on Preparers in this segment, the opportunity here would seem to be the Preparer.
- Quitters & Lapsed Users -- While we went into this particular exploration thinking the focus should be on *e-file* Quitters, we found instead that Quitters are a very small segment and that the real opportunity are the Lapsed Users of *e-file* (15% of all Taxpayers) -- these are people who have used *e-file* in the past, but not during the most recent tax year, and who would consider using it again. They are skewed female (62%) and toward Self preparation of their return (61%), which suggests that they can be reached with targeted media and appropriate messages.

Appendix



Methodological Appendix



Methodological Appendix

- Each wave of the study is conducted by telephone from <u>RMR's national interviewing facility</u> in Wayne, NJ. This wave of the study was conducted <u>January 24--March 2</u>, 2003.
- The sample each year consists of a nationally representative <u>Random Sample of approximately 1000 U.S. Taxpayers</u> each year, drawn from a computer-generated random digit dialing (RDD) sample of listed and unlisted telephone households. In 2003, the IRS also added an augment of Spanish-Language Taxpayers up to the 200 level (with these interviews conducted in the appropriate language).
- <u>To qualify for the study</u>, Taxpayers have to be ages 18-64, employed, and must have filed taxes in the previous tax year (in this year's case -- 2002 for tax year 2001).
- Interviews are conducted during <u>evening</u> hours (5--9 p.m. in each time zone), with the interview averaging about 15 minutes per respondent. To assure that the survey is <u>representative of the target audience</u>, repeated contacts are made on each interviewing attempt to achieve a <u>high rate of response</u> -- 64% in the 2003 study.
- Note: <u>data are weighted to reflect the previous year's tax filing patterns by filing method</u>. The reported use of filing methods in the survey tends to be naturally very close to actual patterns, so weights have only a very minor effect on data.
- As shown in the following chart, the demographic composition of the Random Sample is very similar each year, though with a naturally increasing median HH income along with a decreasing presence of HHs with children -- both mirroring Census trends occurring during the tracking period.

Demographic Composition Of Tracking Samples

BASE:	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking 1998 1017 %	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking 1999 1005 %	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking <u>2000</u> 1000 %	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking 2001 1000 %	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking <u>2002</u> 1000 %	Taxpayer Attitudinal Tracking 2003 1000 %
QAGender						
Male	46	48	49	49	49	49
Female	54	52	51	51	51	51
QBAverage Age	40	41	41	40	41	41
Q15Marital Status						
Married	62	60	60	56	57	60
Single	23	24	24	29	27	24
Separated, Divorced or Widowed	15	16	16	15	16	16
Q13Average HH Size	2.9	3.0	2.9	2.8	2.8	2.8
Q14Presence of Children						
Have Children	54	52	48	46	45	44
No children present	46	48	49	51	55	55
Q17Median HH Income (000)	\$43K	\$47K	\$47K	\$49K	\$50K	\$53K

Detailed Support Data For Tech Acceptance Segments



Tech Attitudes Of The 3 Technology Acceptance Segments

Technological Leader Statements (% Agree)

BASE:	Tech <u>Leaders</u> 450 %	Tech <u>Followers</u> 243 %	Tech <u>Laggards</u> 307 %
Have a good idea of what the World Wide Web is	97	98	64
I think most technology can be trusted	80	60	45
Wish all government forms could be filed by computer	92	44	37
I'm one of the first to try new technology	71	28	35
The kind of person who needs lots of phone technology	61	18	48
If I could, I'd do all my financial dealings by computer	74	11	23
The easiest way to do banking is by personal computer	75	27	23
Rather e-mail friends/family than talk to them on phone	37	17	24

BOLD GREEN=SCORES HIGH ON THIS ITEM; BOLD BLUE=SCORES NOTABLY LOWER THAN OTHERS.

Q1 -- Agree Completely or Agree Somewhat With Each Statement

Tech Attitudes Of The 3 Tech Acceptance Segments (Cont'd.)

Technological Follower Statements (% Agree)

BASE:	Tech <u>Leaders</u> 450 %	Tech <u>Followers</u> 243 %	Tech <u>Laggards</u> 307 %
Most kids can handle new tech.; most adults can't	51	56	83
When you order by phone, you're really taking a chance	35	49	79
Should never put financial information on a computer	29	65	75
I cannot keep up with all the new technology	30	63	81
We control computers today, someday they'll control us	20	18	61
Can't imagine filing taxes except using paper returns	6	31	57
Computers scare me so much that can go wrong	7	11	62
I'm one who has no luck programming a VCR	17	28	53

BOLD RED=SCORES HIGH ON THIS ITEM; BOLD BLUE=SCORES NOTABLY LOWER THAN OTHERS.

Q1 -- Agree Completely or Agree Somewhat With Each Statement

Use Of Technology Among Tech Acceptance Segments

% Use Each Regularly/Occasionally

	Tech <u>Leaders</u>	Tech <u>Followers</u>	Tech <u>Laggards</u>
BASE:	450	243	307
	%	%	%
Use of a telephone to order from a catalog	66	74	53
Use of a PC for work	87	81	43
Use of a PC for entertainment	84	73	43
Use of the Internet to search for information	98	95	64
Use of a Debit Card to pay for purchases	79	53	50
Use of a telephone for doing personal banking	66	53	42
Use of e-mail for personal correspondence	95	88	48
Use of e-mail for business correspondence	84	72	30
Use of the Internet to order products or services	88	67	31
Use of a PC for doing personal banking	65	23	14
Use of Government Websites	71	60	26
Use of Beeper/Pager	29	21	29
Use of Broadband, DSL, or cable modem	59	33	20
Use of a PDA, like a Palm Pilot	31	9	5

BOLD GREEN=SCORES HIGH ON THIS ITEM; BOLD BLUE=SCORES NOTABLY LOWER THAN OTHERS.

Q3--Use Each Technology

Psychographics Of Technology Acceptance Segments

% Agree With Each Statement

	Tech	Tech	Tech
	<u>Leaders</u>	<u>Followers</u>	<u>Laggards</u>
BASE:	450 %	243 %	307 %
I like to be around people who are open-minded	98	98	96
I like to experiment with new ways of doing things	94	81	79
Over next few years, my financial situation will improve	93	85	86
I make time for things that are really important to me	93	92	90
My family is my main source of satisfaction	90	89	92
I need to remind myself to slow down and enjoy life	77	77	87
Like to be up on latest events, movies, fashions, etc.	67	53	57
Generally make decisions on what the group will do	66	56	55
I often worry about money	61	56	68
I like to do a lot of entertaining in my home	58	48	49
Prefer to shop better stores though things cost more	50	43	43
Like to be in situations where unexpected can happen	47	35	36
Having a lot of money is very important to me	47	37	39
The world is changing too fast	46	62	85
I worry that I don't spend enough time with my family	42	42	50
I live from pay check to pay check	40	35	52
Am more comfortable at computer than anywhere else	27	11	14
It is the luxuries in life that make life worthwhile	25	20	31

BOLD RED=SCORES HIGH ON THIS ITEM; BOLD BLUE=SCORES NOTABLY LOWER THAN OTHERS.

Q18--Agree Completely or Agree Somewhat With Each Statement

Demographics Of The Technology Acceptance Segments

BASE:	Tech <u>Leaders</u> 450 %	Tech <u>Followers</u> 243 %	Tech <u>Laggards</u> 307 %
QAGender Male Female	50 50	47 53	49 51
QBAverage Age	38	43	44
O15Marital Status Married Single Separated, Divorced or Widowed	62 26 12	57 24 18	60 20 20
Q13Average HH Size	3.0	2.6	2.8
Q14Presence of Children Have Children No children present	47 51	42 58	41 58
Q17Median HH Income (000)	\$61.9	\$53.0	\$43.9
Q27 – Education Some College or More No College	80 19	71 28	42 57
Qs E-1 - E-3 - Spanish-Language Taxpayers	7	7	9

Distribution Of Tech Acceptance Segments By IRS Areas

BASE:	Tech <u>Leaders</u> 450 %	Tech <u>Followers</u> 243 %	Tech <u>Laggards</u> 307 %
Region			
Area #1 Northeast	11	15	9
Area #2 – Mid-Atlantic	20	12	17
Area #3 – Southeast	15	14	19
Area #4 – Great Lakes Region	15	22	17
Area #5 – Mid-America	18	17	15
Area #6 – West (Excl. CA)	10	12	9
Area #7 – California	13	9	14

Awareness Of *e-file* **Among Tech Acceptance Segments**

BASE:	Tech <u>Leaders</u> 450 %	Tech <u>Followers</u> 243 %	Tech <u>Laggards</u> 307 %
Q4 Unaided Method Awareness Self-Prepared Paper Return Paper Return Using a Tax Professional	80 61	78 60	70 63
Electronic Filing Using a Tax Professional On-Line Filing (Total) On-Line Filing w/On-Line Company On-Line Filing w/Software TeleFile e-file (non-specific)	44 42 25 26 28 20	43 40 25 25 26 29	36 28 16 16 25 18
Net Mentions Of <i>e-file</i> Products	89	92	75
Q4+5Total Method Awareness (Unaided + Aided) Self-Prepared Paper Return Paper Return Using a Tax Professional	97 99	98 99	96 96
Electronic Filing Using a Tax Professional On-Line Filing (Total) On-Line Filing w/On-Line Company On-Line Filing w/Software TeleFile e-file (non-specific)	96 <u>92</u> 68 84 59 55	95 89 66 80 56 59	89 74 52 58 55 43
Net Mentions Of <i>e-file</i> Products	100	99	98

Usage Of *e-file* **Among Tech Acceptance Segments**

BASE:	Tech	Tech	Tech
	<u>Leaders</u>	<u>Followers</u>	<u>Laggards</u>
	450	243	307
	%	%	%
Q6Methods Ever Used Self-Prepared Paper Return Paper Return Using a Tax Professional	74	76	62
	63	65	74
Electronic Filing Using a Tax Professional On-Line Filing (Total) On-Line Filing w/On-Line Company On-Line Filing w/Software TeleFile e-file (non-specific)	41	35	33
	28	13	<u>9</u>
	11	4	2
	23	11	7
	16	14	13
	18	14	7
Net Mentions Of <i>e-file</i> Products	64	55	47
Q7 Method Used In Past Year (2002) Self-Prepared Paper Return Paper Return Using a Tax Professional	29	36	25
	25	30	41
Electronic Filing Using a Tax Professional On-Line Filing (Total) On-Line Filing w/On-Line Company On-Line Filing w/Software TeleFile e-file (non-specific)	28	22	21
	12	<u>4</u>	<u>5</u>
	3	1	1
	10	3	4
	2	3	7
	5	6	1
Net Mentions Of <i>e-file</i> Products	46	34	34

Tech Segment Consideration/Recommendation Of *e-file*

BASE:	Tech <u>Leaders</u> 450 %	Tech <u>Followers</u> 243 %	Tech <u>Laggards</u> 307 %
Q8Methods They Would Consider Using Self-Prepared Paper Return Paper Return Using a Tax Professional	36	47	41
	46	58	56
Electronic Filing Using a Tax Professional On-Line Filing (Total) On-Line Filing w/On-Line Company On-Line Filing w/Software TeleFile e-file (non-specific)	58	48	42
	57	38	<u>23</u>
	36	19	14
	47	34	19
	30	26	22
	42	31	18
Net Mentions Of <i>e-file</i> Products	88	73	61
Q9 Methods Would Recommend To A Friend Self-Prepared Paper Return Paper Return Using a Tax Professional	33	46	38
	47	57	59
Electronic Filing Using a Tax Professional On-Line Filing (Total) On-Line Filing w/On-Line Company On-Line Filing w/Software TeleFile e-file (non-specific)	52	43	38
	43	26	15
	23	13	7
	36	22	14
	22	18	16
	29	24	15
Net Mentions Of <i>e-file</i> Products	81	63	55

Filing Behavior Among Tech Acceptance Segments

BASE: Q. 15 -Type Of Return Filed Basic Return With No Schedules Attached Return With Schedules Attached	Tech <u>Leaders</u> 450 % 44 56	Tech <u>Followers</u> 243 % 43 57	Tech <u>Laggards</u> 307 % 56 44
Q. 16 -Additional Forms/Attachments Filed Form 2106 – The Business Expense Form Schedule "C" Schedule "E" Schedule "F"	15	12	10
	12	11	10
	4	6	3
	3	2	2
Q. 14 - Did You Receive the Earned Income Tax Credit? Yes No Don't Know	22	26	29
	51	47	38
	27	27	33
Q. 11 - Result of Tax Filing Balance Due To The IRS Received A Refund Had A Zero Balance	22	18	19
	75	76	72
	2	2	3
Q. 12 - How Paid the Balance Due NEW BASE: TOTAL WITH BALANCE DUE Automatic Withdrawal from a Checking/Savings Credit Card Wrote A Check	100	47	<i>62</i>
	10	3	0
	3	3	2
	80	87	90
Q. 13 - Method of Receiving Refund NEW BASE: TOTAL RECEIVED A REFUND Direct Deposit to Checking/Savings Received A Check From The IRS	334	<i>182</i>	215
	48	34	28
	50	63	69

Filing Behavior Among Tech Acceptance Segments (Cont'd.)

	Tech	Tech	Tech
	<u>Leaders</u>	<u>Followers</u>	<u>Laggards</u>
	%	%	%
Q. 10a - Method Of Preparing Paper Return NEW BASE: TOTAL PAPER RETURN USERS Pen/Pencil On A Computer, Then Printed Out And Mailed (V-Coder) Can't Recall/Don't Know	237	169	212
	47	48	43
	49	45	48
	4	6	9
Q. 10b - Who Prepared Return TOTAL RESPONDENTS Paid Preparer Self, Family Member, Or Friend	<i>450</i>	<i>234</i>	307
	53	54	65
	47	46	35
Q. 10c - If Paid Preparer Above, Was the Preparer A NEW BASE: TOTAL WHO USED A PAID PREPARER Certified Public Accountant (CPA) Other Tax Professional Can't Recall/Don't Know	218	<i>129</i>	204
	68	69	61
	20	19	24
	12	12	15
<u>Q. 10d - Did The Paid Preparer Offer e-file?</u> Yes No Can't Recall	65	66	64
	23	24	25
	13	10	11
Q. 17a — If State Income Tax, Is There A Fed/State e-file Option TOTAL RESPONDENTS Yes, Had A Fed/State e-file Option No, Did Not Have A Fed/State e-file Option No State Income Tax Don't Know	450	234	307
	24	18	15
	31	33	28
	6	6	6
	40	44	51
Q. 17b — Use Of Combined Fed/State e-file Tax Option NEW BASE: TOTAL WITH FED-STATE e-file OPTION Use Combined Fed/State e-file Option Did Not Use Combined Fed/State e-file Option Can't Recall	<i>105</i>	<i>44</i>	<i>45</i>
	49	48	40
	40	48	56
	11	4	4

Filing Behavior Among Tech Acceptance Segments (Cont'd.)

	Tech <u>Leaders</u> % (450)	Tech Followers % (243)	Tech <u>Laggards</u> % (307)
Return Type:			
Self-Simple	26	24	26
Self-Complex	21	22	9
Paid-Simple	18	19	30
Paid-Complex	35	35	35
Total Simple	44	43	56
Total Complex	56	57	44
Total Colf	47	46	25
Total Self	47	46	35
Total Paid	53	54	65

Filing Behavior Among Tech Acceptance Segments (Cont'd.)

	Tech <u>Leaders</u> % (450)	Tech Followers % (243)	Tech <u>Laggards</u> % (307)
Filing Behavior (When File Each Year):			
As Soon As Possible	40	37	38
When I Get Around To It	40	43	43
Late, But Not At The Last Minute	7	8	8
At The Last Possible Minute	9	9	9
Varies/Can't Recall	4	4	4

Reaching The Technology Acceptance Segments

Media Habits -- Print & Radio

BASE:	Tech <u>Leaders</u> 450	Tech <u>Followers</u> 243	Tech <u>Laggards</u> 307
Q21Media Read/Subscribed To	%	%	%
Your Local Newspaper(s) (NOTE: CAPTURED BUT NOT FEASIBLE)	69	77	77
The Internet	76	61	40
News Magazines Time, Newsweek, USN&WR	29	33	22
Entertainment Magazines Ent. Weekly, People, etc.	25	28	29
Women's Magazines – Oprah, Rosie, Family Circle etc.	24	26	33
Sports Magazines such as SI or Inside Sports	22	22	23
Business Magazines Bus Week or Forbes	23	16	12
National Newspapers NY Times or USA Today	24	18	17
Fashion Magazines Allure, Elle, Cosmopolitan, etc.	20	14	17
Computer Magazines	19	11	8
Q22Radio Stations Listened To Regularly			
FM Music Stations	89	90	88
All News Stations	37	33	29
AM Mixed Format Stations (Talk + News + Features)	26	31	21
All Talk Stations	27	25	21
AM Music Stations	14	15	26
All Sports/Sports Talk Stations	11	14	14
Financial News Stations	14	9	8

Reaching The Technology Acceptance Segments (Cont'd.)

Media Habits -- TV

BASE:	Tech <u>Leaders</u> 450 %	Tech <u>Followers</u> 243 %	Tech <u>Laggards</u> 307 %
Q23TV Programming Watched Regularly			
Early evening news programs	66	71	75
All news cable CNN, Fox, Headline News, MSNBC	65	58	59
Late evening news programs	57	56	61
Non-premium cable movie channels such as AMC	53	54	50
Sports programs (e.g. Tennis, Baseball, etc.)	52	48	53
Cable family/life programs	41	49	57
Early evening investigative shows	38	38	55
Premium cable movie channels HBO, Showtime, etc.	40	34	39
Early eve. enter. shows such as Entertainment Tonight	37	35	46
Early morning shows Today, This Morning, etc.	33	31	40
Late night talk or variety shows	31	25	29
Game shows	17	20	28
Later morning talk Regis & Kelly, etc.	9	10	12
Afternoon soap operas	5	9	13