Moving Expenses

► Attach to Form 1040.

OMB No. 1545-0062

Attachment Sequence No. 62

Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

Name(s) shown on Form 1040 Your social security number

Bet	fore you begin:	√ See the Distance of the Vision of the	ce Test and Time Test in the instructions t	to find out if you	ı can dedu	ict your mo	ving	
		\checkmark If you are a mer	mber of the armed forces, see the instruction	ns to find out ho	w to compl	ete this forn	n	
1			sportation and storage of household goods		1			
2	Enter the amount you paid for travel and lodging in moving from your old home to your new home (see instructions). Do not include the cost of meals							
3	Add lines 1 and 2							
4	Enter the total amount your employer paid you for the expenses listed on lines 1 and 2 that is not included in the wages box (box 1) of your Form W-2. This amount should be identified with code P in box 12 of your Form W-2							
5	Is line 3 more tha	n line 4?						
	□ No . You canr from line							
	•	•	n. Subtract line 4 from line 3. Enter the result	1	5			
General Instructions			If you qualify to deduct expenses for more than one move, use a separate Form	Distance Tes				
A Change To Note			3903 for each move. For more details, see Pub. 521 , Moving	Your new principal workplace must be at least 50 miles farther from your old home than your old workplace was. For example,				
For 2003, the standard mileage rate for using your vehicle to move to a new home is 12 cents a mile.		nileage rate for ve to a new home	Who May Deduct Moving	if your old workplace was 3 miles fron your old home, your new workplace me at least 53 miles from that home. It		3 miles from orkplace mu	ıst	

Purpose of Form

Use Form 3903 to figure your moving expense deduction for a move related to the start of work at a new principal place of work (workplace). If the new workplace is outside the United States or its possessions, you must be a U.S. citizen or resident alien to deduct your expenses.

Who May Deduct Moving **Expenses**

If you move to a new home because of a new principal workplace, you may be able to deduct your moving expenses whether you are self-employed or an employee. But you must meet both the distance test and time test that follow.

be at least 53 miles from that home. If you did not have an old workplace, your new workplace must be at least 50 miles from your old home. The distance between the two points is the shortest of the more commonly traveled routes between them.



To see if you meet the distance test, you can use the worksheet below.

Distance	Test	Workshe	et
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Keep a Copy for Your Records

Members of the armed forces may not have to meet this test. For details, see the instructions on the back of this form.	
1. Enter the number of miles from your old home to your new workplace	1 miles
2. Enter the number of miles from your old home to your old workplace	2 miles
3. Subtract line 2 from line 1. If zero or less, enter -0	3miles
Is line 3 at least 50 miles? ☐ Yes. You meet this test. ☐ No. You do not meet this test. You cannot deduct your moving expenses. Do not complete F	orm 3903.

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Time Test

If you are an employee, you must work full time in the general area of your new workplace for at least 39 weeks during the 12 months right after you move. If you are self-employed, you must work full time in the general area of your new workplace for at least 39 weeks during the first 12 months and a total of at least 78 weeks during the 24 months right after you move.

What If You Do Not Meet the Time Test Before Your Return Is Due? If you expect to meet the time test, you may deduct your moving expenses in the year you move. Later, if you do not meet the time test, you must either:

- Amend your tax return for the year you claimed the deduction by filing Form 1040X, Amended U.S. Individual Income Tax Return, or
- For the year you cannot meet the time test, report as income the amount of your moving expense deduction that reduced your income tax for the year you moved.

If you do not deduct your moving expenses in the year you move and you later meet the time test, you may take the deduction by filing an amended return for the year you moved. To do this, use Form 1040X

Exceptions to the Time Test. You do not have to meet the time test if any of the following apply.

- Your job ends because of disability.
- You are transferred for your employer's benefit.
- You are laid off or discharged for a reason other than willful misconduct.
- You are in the armed forces and the move is due to a permanent change of station (see below).
- You meet the requirements (explained later) for retirees or survivors living outside the United States.
- You are filing this form for a decedent.

Members of the Armed Forces

If you are in the armed forces, you do not have to meet the **distance** and **time tests** if the move is due to a permanent change of station. A permanent change of station includes a move in connection with and within 1 year of retirement or other termination of active duty.

How To Complete This Form If You Are a Member of the Armed Forces

Do not include on lines 1 and 2 any expenses for moving services that were provided by the government. If you and your spouse and dependents are moved to or from different locations, treat the moves as a single move.

On line 4, enter the total reimbursements and allowances you received from the government in connection with the expenses you claimed on lines 1 and 2. **Do not** include the value of moving services provided by the government. Complete line 5 if applicable.

Retirees or Survivors Living Outside the United States

If you are a retiree or survivor who moved to a home in the United States or its possessions and you meet the following requirements, you are treated as if you moved to a new principal workplace located in the United States. You are subject only to the distance test.

Retirees

You may deduct moving expenses for a move to a new home in the United States when you actually retire if both your old principal workplace and your old home were outside the United States.

Survivors

You may deduct moving expenses for a move to a home in the United States if you are the spouse or dependent of a person whose principal workplace at the time of death was outside the United States. In addition, the expenses must be for a move (a) that begins within 6 months after the decedent's death and (b) from a former home outside the United States that you lived in with the decedent at the time of death.

Reimbursements

You may choose to deduct moving expenses in the year you are reimbursed by your employer, even though you paid the expenses in a different year. However, special rules apply. See **When To Deduct Expenses** in Pub. 521.

Filers of Form 2555

If you file Form 2555, Foreign Earned Income, to exclude any of your income or housing costs, report the full amount of your deductible moving expenses on Form 3903 and on Form 1040. Report the part of your moving expenses that is not allowed because it is allocable to the excluded income on the appropriate line of Form 2555. For details on how to figure the part allocable to the excluded income, see Pub. 54, Tax Guide for U.S. Citizens and Resident Aliens Abroad.

Specific Instructions

You may deduct the following expenses you paid to move your family and dependent household members. Do not deduct expenses for employees such as a maid, nanny, or nurse.

Line 1

Moves Within or to the United States or its Possessions. Enter the amount you paid to pack, crate, and move your household goods and personal effects. You may also include the amount you paid to store and insure household goods and personal effects within any period of 30 days in a row after the items were moved from your old home and before they were delivered to your new home.

Moves Outside the United States or its Possessions. Enter the amount you paid to pack, crate, move, store, and insure your household goods and personal effects. Also, include the amount you paid to move your personal effects to and from storage and to store them for all or part of the time the new workplace continues to be your principal workplace.



You do not have to complete this form if (a) you moved in an earlier year, (b) you are claiming only storage fees during your absence from the United

States, and **(c)** any amount your employer paid for the storage fees is included in the wages box (box 1) of your Form W-2. Instead, enter the storage fees on Form 1040, line 27, and write "Storage" on the dotted line next to line 27.

Line 2

Enter the amount you paid to travel from your old home to your new home. This includes transportation and lodging on the way. Include costs for the day you arrive. The members of your household do not have to travel together or at the same time. However, you may only include expenses for one trip per person.

If you use your own vehicle(s), you may figure the expenses by using either:

- Actual out-of-pocket expenses for gas and oil or
- Mileage at the rate of 12 cents a mile.
 You may add parking fees and tolls to the amount claimed under either method.

Paperwork Reduction Act Notice. We ask for the information on this form to carry out the Internal Revenue laws of the United States. You are required to give us the information. We need it to ensure that you are complying with these laws and to allow us to figure and collect the right amount of tax.

You are not required to provide the information requested on a form that is subject to the Paperwork Reduction Act unless the form displays a valid OMB control number. Books or records relating to a form or its instructions must be retained as long as their contents may become material in the administration of any Internal Revenue law. Generally, tax returns and return information are confidential, as required by Internal Revenue Code section 6103.

The time needed to complete and file this form will vary depending on individual circumstances. The estimated average time is: Recordkeeping, 33 min.; Learning about the law or the form, 9 min.; Preparing the form, 15 min.; and Copying, assembling, and sending the form to the IRS, 13 min.

If you have comments concerning the accuracy of these time estimates or suggestions for making this form simpler, we would be happy to hear from you. See the Instructions for Form 1040.

